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OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 1ST JULY 1875.

GENERAL REMARKS.—The monsoon has not yet become general throughout Northern and Western India. In Madras the falls have been scanty, except in Malabar: good in Mysore and Coorg, and general throughout Bombay, where however the distribution has been very irregular, in some places exceedingly heavy rain having fallen and in others very little. They have been general throughout the Central Provinces, Berar, and the Southern and Eastern portions of Central India. In Bengal and Assam the falls have been general and abundant; the only districts in Bengal where none has fallen are Hooghly, Balasore, Bhagalpur, Patna and Sarun. In the North-West Provinces the rains continue east of Allahabad, and the monsoon has broken in Bundelkhand; elsewhere there have been showers, but no general rain. In Oudh also the rains are not yet general; and in the Punjab they have nowhere set in: light showers have fallen in Hissar, Umballa, Jullundur and Rawul Pindee: elsewhere there has been no rain, and some anxiety is felt. Throughout Rajputana rain still holds off. In Sind the river is abnormally low, and considerable apprehension is felt in consequence. Elsewhere prospects are satisfactory.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—		
Kistna (July 1st)	...	Masulipatam no rain; Jissgunapet ·50; Nandigama ·40; Bezwara ·20; none elsewhere; rain wanted for ploughing and sowing; markets well supplied locally; prices steady; mild small-pox continues; cattle generally healthy; dry fodder sufficient; 11 inches over anicut.
Kurnool (June 30th)	2·392 in three days.	Rain slight in the taluks; yellow jonna, sajja and areka being sown; markets well supplied; prices of rice falling in Ramalkota and Nandial; jonna rising in Nandial; others generally steady; fever prevalent; cattle healthy, Markapur excepted; water and pasture sufficient;
Tanjore (July 1st)	...	Rain at Negapatam none; elsewhere partial and scanty; water supply moderate in rivers; none in tanks; water over upper anicut *nil*; cultivation, ploughing and sowing general; markets well supplied; standing crops very few in good condition; harvest none; prices steady; cholera more generally prevalent; cattle healthy; pasture insufficient.
Trichinopoly (June 30th)		Rain wanted; cholera in the town slightly increasing, some cases reported from the district; Cauvery pretty full; Coleroon low; very little cattle disease.
Malabar (July 1st)	8·16	Rain favourable for cultivation; transplanting of first crop in progress; markets well supplied; prices rising; small-pox and fever slight; cattle healthy; pasture much improved.
		General Remarks.—General prospects satisfactory.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bombay— (July 1st)		
Sindh		
Kurrachee (June 30th)	...	River at Kotree 148 inches on 26th, 43 less than last year; injury to rice seedlings in two tapas; fever and cattle disease in three talukas; kharif crops in Delta and Sakra want water; weather cloudy but cool.
Shikarpur "	...	Great want of water; river 9 feet 3 inches, 2 feet 7 inches less than last year; much loss expected unless river rises fast.
Hyderabad "	...	River fallen greatly: it is 2 feet lower than the average, and unless it rises considerably within next week, kharif cultivation, save on large feeders, will be almost *nil*; public health good.
Upper Sind Frontier "	...	No Kharif preparations on Begari; its mouth being open by cuts through Kusmore Bund; gauge reading 1 foot, full supply 11 feet; health good.
Gujarat.		
Ahmedabad (June 30th)	...	Sufficient fall of rain in the districts where agricultural operations have commenced; 19 cholera cases, 5 deaths.
Kaira "	...	189 cholera cases, 70 deaths; weather very oppressive.
Surat "	8·85	Sowing operations in progress; weather and public health good.
Broach "	0·56	Slight cholera still prevails; kharif sowing progressing.
Khandesh and Nasik.		
Khandesh (June 30th)	0·91	Cholera prevailing—846 cases, 256 deaths; sowing commenced; cotton market dull.
Nasik "	8·13	Rainfall general; sowing of kharif crops in progress; a few cases of cholera and fever.
Konkan.		
Tanna (June 30th)	25·37	Cholera prevalent; sowing operations completed in three talukas.
Deccan.		
Poona (June 30th)	8·55	Rain has fallen in all talukas; cholera and cattle-disease continue in a few talukas; sowing of kharif progressing in four talukas.
Ahmednuggur "	0·12	More rain wanted; cholera prevalent; sowing operations have commenced wherever rain has fallen; cattle-disease in two talukas.
Sholapur "	0·15	Sowing of kharif retarded; except slight cholera in three talukas health good.
Satara "	3·41	Sowing operations continue; young crops thriving; slight fever, ague and cattle-disease prevalent in certain talukas.
Southern Mahratta Country.		
Belgaum (June 30th)	5·63	Sowing of rice nearly completed; fever in three talukas; cattle-disease in Athni.
Dharwar "	...	Rain moderate; sowing of early crops almost completed; fever, ague and cattle-disease prevail slightly.
Kanara "	4·0 at Karwar.	Season's prospects very favourable; fever general; small-pox, dysentery and cattle-disease on the coast and near the Ghâts.
Kaladgi "	0·40	Kharif sowing stopped for want of rain; fever and cattle disease in five talukas.
Kathiawar and Gaekwar's territory.		
Rajkot (June 30th)	1·8	Weather cloudy; health good.
Wudwan "	...	Weather cool; sowing commenced; health satisfactory.
Baroda "	5·0	Cultivation commenced; public health good.
		General Remarks.—River has fallen in Sind, and prospects are ominous in that province; elsewhere sowing in progress and prospects good; cholera is extending in the Deccan, and has not stopped in Gujarat.
Bengal—		
Chittagong (July 1st)	11·07	
Noakhally "	4·53	Some fever prevailing.
Tipperah "	10·62	
Chittagong Hill Tracts "	2·4	
Hill Tipperah "	2·94	Five cases of cholera and two of small-pox at Koilashur.
Backergunge "	4·11	A little disease is still reported among the cattle of five thannahs, and the fish disorder still continues.
Fureedpore "	3·48	General health good.
Dacca "	2·64	
Mymensingh "	1·11	
24-Pergunnahs "	2·42	Fever decreasing at Barripore and Basarhat; one or two cases of cholera reported from the latter station.
Nuddea "	3·71	
Jessore "	1·28	
Pubna "	2·44	Cholera and small-pox have disappeared.
Moorshedabad "	5·73	Few cases of small-pox reported.
Rajshahye "	4·30	No sickness.
Bogra "	3·42	
Maldah "	12·06	
Dinagepore "	2·18	
Rungpore "	2·0	
Cooch Behar "	4·37	Cholera gradually disappearing.
Jalpaiguri "	2·74	Cholera on the decrease.
Darjeeling "	10·78	
Midnapore "	2·04	
Howrah "	5·08	
Hooghly "	...	Health fair, with a little small-pox.
Burdwan "	·55	Cholera disappeared; no serious out-break of fever as yet.
Bankoora "	2·12	
Beerbhoom "	5·45	

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bengal,—*continued.*		
Sonthal Pergunnahs (July 1st)	2·20	
Bhágalpur "	...	Health good.
Purneah "	3·43	
Chumparun "	·35	
Darbangha "	·50	
Sarun "	...	Cholera broken out in thannahs Sewan and Durrowlie.
Shahabad "	1·54	
Patna "	...	Cholera abated to some extent, except in one village in Behar, where it is still raging.
Gya "	5·64	Cholera in Aurungabad decreasing.
Hazáribágh "	6·17	
Lohardugga "	2·89	Cases of cholera and small-pox still reported.
Maunbhoom "	5·28	
Singbhoom "	1·95	Healthy.
Balasore "	...	Cholera reported to have broken out in the south, otherwise public health good.
Cuttack "	4·49	A little cholera still remaining.
Pooree "	1·4	
		General Remarks.—Rain is reported in almost all districts. In some it has been very heavy and flooded the low lands causing injury to the crops, particularly in Jessore, where the damage done by submersion of crops in Beels is considerable, but on the whole it has benefitted the crops. Sowing and transplanting of the main rice crops are progressing vigorously in some parts of Behar; it, as well as the early rice, is a little backward; early rice crop is generally flourishing. A little jute is said to have suffered by the rise of rivers. Indigo is not doing well in most places in consequence of excess of rain; in Sarun and Purneah it is doing well; manufacturing operations have commenced. Up to the present time the prospects of the crops are on the whole favorable.
N. W. P.—		
Benares (June 30th)	...	Rains continue: no change.
Mirzapur "	From 3 to 6½ inches.	Season very favorable; river rose till 28th, but has since fallen three inches.
Azamgarh (" 29th)	...	Rainfall over three inches at head-quarters and much heavier in the district sugarcane and indigo doing well; rice sowing begun; prospects good.
Allahabad (July 1st)	...	Showers and sunshine; not much rain as yet.
Cawnpore (June 30th)	...	Slight rainfall, hardly as yet sufficient for ploughing.
Banda "	...	Rains begun; ploughing general.
Hamirpur "	From 1½ to 3 inches.	Ploughing general.
Jhansi "	2·50	Commenced on the 23rd.
Agra "	From ·2 to ·12	Weather cloudy, thunder and duststorms, but the rains have not yet fairly set in.
Meerut "	Slight rain in 3 parganas.	Cloudy weather.
Bareilly "	·3 on the 28th	
Punjab—		
Delhi (June 30th)	*Nil*	Weather cloudy; cholera in several villages.
Hissar "	Slight rain.	Tanks drying up; rain urgently wanted for kharif sowings; health of division generally good, but several cases of cholera in seven villages of Rohtak District.
Umballa "	·8	Ploughing for kharif; cholera still prevalent.
Jullundur "	·8	Health good.
Lahore "	*Nil*	Health good.
Rawul Pindi "	Little rain.	Prospects and health good; cattle disease continues.
Mooltan "	*Nil*	Kharif sowings considerably below average; failure of water in canals causes serious loss in some villages; health good.
Dera Ismail Khan "	...	Rain much wanted; health good.
Peshawur "	*Nil*	Rain much wanted; preparations for kharif sowings on irrigated lands; cattle disease appeared in two tehsils; slight fever.
		General Remarks.—The setting-in of the rains now looked for; cholera has appeared in a few more villages, but is dying out where it first appeared.
Oudh—		
Lucknow (June 30th)	·3	Prices stationary; weather uncertain; rain not general, and the want of it begins to be felt.
Sitapur "	·7	
Fyzabad "	2·5	
Central Provinces—		
Chanda (June 27th)	2·24	Sowings continue; cattle disease decreasing; prices rising.
Chhindwara (28th)	4·19	Sowings continue; health good; prices steady.
Balaghât "	3·10	
Bhandara (29th)	3·82	Weather cloudy; sowings continue; 22 cholera cases, 7 fatal; fever and small-pox continue; prices easy.
Nagpur (30th)	5·26	Sowings delayed owing to heavy rains; health good; prices rising.
Wardha "	·04	Small-pox continues.
Nimar "	1·29	Kharif sowings continue; 14 cholera cases, 9 fatal; prices risen.
Jubbulpore "	4·50	Small-pox continues.
Saugor "	3·53	Weather cloudy; sowings commenced; small-pox decreasing; prices rising.

Presidency or Province and District.		Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Central Provinces,— *continued.*			
Seoni	(June 30th)	6·40	Health good.
Narsinghpur	"	17·	Much damage caused by overflowing of Singree Nall; 11 cholera cases, 6 fatal.
Hoshangabad	"	5·95	Sowings commenced; cholera decreasing.
Betul	"	4·5	Sowings continue.
Mandla	"	9·50	Sowings continue.
Damoh	"	4·15	Sowings progressing; small-pox continues; prices stationary. *General Remarks.*—Heavy rain during the week; damage done to railway line by floods in Narsingpur District, otherwise season favorable.
Mysore and Coorg—			
Mysore	(July 1st)	·14 in Bangalore Cantonment.	Fever still prevalent in parts of Mysore province.
Coorg	"	6·98	Agricultural prospects satisfactory.
Assam—			
Gauhati	(July 1st)	3·56	Mornings usually cloudy or rainy; cold north-east winds, nights cold; prospects of crops favourable; season for tea good; cattle disease still reported; in North Kamroop choleraic diarrhœa prevalent, but on the decrease.
Sylhet	"	7·	Public health improving.
Hyderabad Assigned Districts—			
Umraoti	(July 1st)	1·15	Cholera still increasing in Buldana, Akola and Ellichpore districts; disease has appeared in Umraoti District; cotton sowing nearly completed.
Rajpootana—			
Sirohi	(June 28th)	...	A little water in some tanks; wells good; health very good; weather cloudy with occasional thunder-storms.
Meywar	(25th)	...	A good supply of water; health and prospects good; weather cloudy; winds from all points of the compass.
Marwar	(26th)	...	Three days' water-supply in city tanks; wells fast subsiding; a scarcity of drinking water much dreaded; health good; crops drying for want of rain; rain much wanted.
Bickanare	(19th)	*Nil*	Heat intense; hot winds blowing from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.; prices rising; health good.
Harowtee	(26th)	...	Rain keeping off and much required; cholera hanging about the towns.
Deolee	"	...	
Ulwar	(24th)	...	A very slight shower; tanks almost all dry; cholera in Kalumber Tehsil; much general suffering from the heat.
Jeypore	(July 1st)	*Nil*	Strong winds with sandstorms which have moderated heat; health good.
Ajmere	"	*Nil*	Furious winds prevent clouds collecting; prices have risen; no more reports of cholera.
Central India—			
Indore	(June 30th)	1·67	General health improved, though cholera still hangs about.
Gwalior	"	*Nil*	
Neemuch	"	·55	
Rutlam	"	3·41	
Baghelkhund	"	Heavy rain, weather cooler.	
Sutna	"		
Nepal—	(June 23rd)	2·05	Transplanting of rice begun in the hill districts.

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 & 25 Vic., Cap. 67.

The Council met at Simla on Thursday, the 1st July 1875.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, G. M. S. I., *presiding*.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, G. C. B., G. C. S. I.

Major-General the Hon'ble Sir H. W. Norman, K. C. B.

The Hon'ble Arthur Hobhouse, Q. C.

The Hon'ble Sir W. Muir, K. C. S. I.

The Hon'ble Ashley Eden, C. S. I.

The Hon'ble Sir A. J. Arbuthnot, K. C. S. I.

Colonel the Hon'ble Sir Andrew Clarke, R. E., K. C. M. G., C. B.

PANJÁB LAWS ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill for the better administration of law in the Panjáb.

PANJÁB JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE also presented the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the law relating to certain Courts and Offices in the Panjáb. He said that this was a Bill which was introduced into the Council by their hon'ble colleague, Sir Douglas Forsyth, for the purpose of providing relief for the Deputy Commissioners and the Tahsíldárs in the Panjáb. When Sir Douglas Forsyth introduced it he explained that the intention of the Government was to provide for more separation than now existed in the Panjáb between the judicial and the executive duties of those officers; though it was not their intention to effect such complete separation as existed in more advanced parts of the country. The thing wanted was to appoint other officers having the same judicial powers as the Deputy Commissioners and Tahsíldárs, not to fix their duties by law, but to let the Executive regulate their duties as required by circumstances from time to time, the intention being that they should perform the judicial work which was now performed by executive officers, so as to leave those executive officers much more time than they had now to attend to executive work. It was found that the amount of alteration that the law required for that purpose was exceedingly minute, for the present Panjáb Courts Act provided that, in a certain state of the judicial business, and for temporary purposes, the Government might invest any other person with the powers of a Deputy Commissioner or a Tahsíldár. Therefore all that was wanted was to give to the Local Government those same powers, not subject to any condition, and not for temporary purposes alone. That was the whole alteration of the law which was proposed. The Bill had now been published for a considerable time. Remarks had been made upon it by local authorities, and the result was that the Select Committee had made one or two merely verbal alterations. The Bill was substantially in the sameshape as when Sir Douglas Forsyth introduced it. MR. HOBHOUSE called attention to that because he was about to move that the Bill be taken into consideration and passed. That was the usual course, but it was a course consistent with our rules, only that if any Hon'ble Member considered

that the subject was one which required further consideration, he was entitled to object, and that objection must prevail unless the rules were suspended. The Bill had been pending now for some time, and the Panjáb Government were very anxious to begin the new system; and inasmuch as the Council had nothing to consider now, but what they had to consider about three months ago when Sir Douglas Forsyth introduced the Bill, he (MR. HOBHOUSE) thought he was acting within the limits of prudence in proceeding to the ulterior motions.

He then moved that the Bill be taken into consideration.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE also moved that the Bill as amended be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

THE INDIAN TELEGRAPH BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE also moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the law relating to Telegraphs. He said that the reason for amending the present Act was this. The law relating to Telegraphs was formerly regulated by an Act passed in the year 1854, and that Act gave power to the Governor General in Council to grant licenses for the establishment of Telegraphs, and it also gave the Government power to make rules for the conduct of Telegraphs established under those licenses. The Act of 1854 was repealed in the year 1860, and there was passed Act VIII of 1860 containing the law which now governed the subject. The Act of 1860 repealed the Act of 1854, except as to any license for the establishment of a line of Electric Telegraph granted under that Act, but it did not expressly save the power of making rules for the conduct of Telegraphs which had been established under license granted under the Act of 1854. It gave the Government power to grant licenses under the Act of 1860, and to make rules for the conduct of Telegraphs under those licenses, but omitted to say that the power of making rules under the Act of 1854 was to remain.

The Government had recently been advised by the Advocate General that that power either did not exist or that it was at least doubtful whether it existed, and the Government therefore could not prudently make any such rules. It was necessary that the Government should distinctly have that power, and therefore we proposed to amend the present Act. An opportunity would be taken at the same time to bring the penal clauses of that Act into greater conformity with the Penal Code, which the Council would observe was passed subsequently to Act VIII of 1860, and also to make some of the penal clauses more effective and stringent.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS EMIGRATION BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE also moved for leave to introduce a Bill to regulate the emigration of Native labourers from the Presidency of Fort Saint George to the Straits Settlements. He said that in order to explain why it was proper to enact a special measure for the regulation of emigration to the Straits Settlements instead of leaving it to be regulated by the General Emigration Law, he must state briefly the course of events which had brought us to the point at which we stood. There had been going on for a great many years—he did not know how many—but at the least from the beginning of the present century, a considerable emigration of labourers from the Coromandel Coast to the Malay Peninsula. That emigration had been conducted with great advantage to both countries, and had resulted in the settlement of a large Tamil population on the eastern side of the Bay of Bengal. It was a purely voluntary movement on the part of the people, stimulated only by their own interests and wishes; it was not assisted by any law, neither was it impeded by any law till the year 1857.

In that year, however, and again in the year 1859, Acts were passed for the regulation of passenger traffic in the Bay of Bengal. The effect of such enactments was to render the voyage more expensive and to diminish the number of

emigrants. To meet the change, the employers of labour in the Straits Settlements adopted the system of employing agents in India to advance money to persons willing to emigrate, and of making contracts with them to serve for a term of years. That system again remained untouched by law until the year 1864, when the first consolidated Emigration Act was passed. By the Emigration Act of 1864, a very curious and quite unintentional effect was produced on the Straits Settlements. It would be remembered that they were then part of British India. But by the definition of the expression "British India" contained in section 2 of the Act, it was not to include the Straits Settlements. Section 3 ran as follows :

"Except under and in conformity with the provisions of this Act, it shall not be lawful to make any contract with any Native of India for labour to be performed in any place beyond British India, or to enable any Native of India to emigrate or to assist any Native of India in emigrating;"

but with a proviso that the prohibition should not apply to the Island of Ceylon. Section 4 said that contracts might be made for emigration to certain places among which the Straits Settlements were not included. And sections 5 and 6 gave the Governor General in Council power to allow emigration to any other place, but only subject to all the provisions of the Act. Now, as he had had occasion to observe before in this Council, the spirit and object of our Emigration Laws was not to assist emigration, but to throw safeguards around it. In fact, they impeded the free course of emigration very much by requiring the observance of a number of formalities, both cumbrous and expensive. He was not now saying that these formalities were otherwise than beneficial, or even necessary, in order to avoid great abuses. He was not discussing that point now. All he now said was that, as a matter of fact, the law did impede emigration to places beyond British India.

Well, then, the legal position in which the Straits Settlements were placed by the Act of 1864, was a very unfortunate one. Emigration to Ceylon, which was not in British India, was left wholly unrestricted. Emigration to British Burma, again, was left wholly unrestricted. If the emigrant wanted to go to Tenasserim, the law had nothing to say against it; and nobody interfered with him. But if he wanted to go to Penang, which was not beyond British India as Ceylon was, and was practically at no greater distance than Tenasserim, every body was absolutely forbidden under heavy penalties to assist him. He could not be assisted to emigrate to Penang except after an order of the Governor General in Council, and then only subject to all the safeguards which were thought necessary for a voyage to South America. Now he had said that the effect thus produced was unintentional, and he said so because it was impossible to suppose that such a thing would be intentionally done in entire silence both on the part of the Government of India and this Council on the one side, and on the part of the inhabitants of the Straits Settlements on the other side. Moreover, the origin of the mistake was easily discerned. There could be little doubt that it was produced solely by the circumstance that the Act contained a fictitious and unreal definition of the expression "British India", and that Nature, who though thrust out with a pitchfork would constantly reassert herself, resumed her dominion over the draftsman's mind at a later stage of his work. In fact, so little was the result intended or known that for fully six years after the passing of the Act the system of emigration that he had mentioned went on without alteration, and without anybody remarking that it was wholly illegal.

The Act of 1864 was repealed in the early part of the year 1871, and was replaced by the Act of that year, which now constitutes the law regulating emigration to places beyond British India. The Straits Settlements had then ceased to be part of British India. But the Act of 1871 made no alteration in their legal position: on that point it simply left the Act of 1864 untouched; and it was clear that the existing anomaly was never brought to the notice of the Government of India, though a controversy about it had arisen in the Presidency of Madras under the circumstances he was about to mention.

It was in the year 1870 that a Madras Magistrate, believing that a system of kidnapping Indian peasants for the Penang market had been set on foot, drew

attention to the state of the law, and actually commenced some prosecutions for penalties. The Madras Government then deputed Mr. H. J. Stokes, the Sub-Collector of Tanjore, to enquire into the matter, and he sent in a very able and careful report, showing that the supposed system of kidnapping did not exist, and that the system which did exist worked with a large preponderance of benefit to the Indian population. In the meantime, the employers of labour in the Straits Settlements represented the injury they would suffer by the stoppage of their supply of labour; the injustice of forbidding to Penang what was allowed to Tenasserim and to Ceylon; and the absurdity of enforcing the same regulations for a long voyage to the West Indies, and for a run of eight or ten days to the Straits of Malacca. Under these circumstances we passed Act XIV of 1872, which merely empowers the Governor General in Council to exempt the Straits Settlements from the provisions of the General Emigration Act. When he (MR. HOBHOUSE) introduced the Bill, he intimated that arrangements would be made between the Government of India and that of the Straits Settlements to put the system of emigration on a definite footing, but that time was necessary for the arrangement of details, and that in order not to disturb the industry of the Straits Settlements, it was necessary to leave the matter for a while in the hands of the two Executive Governments. Well, on that footing the matter had rested ever since. It had been decided that in order to secure the well-being of the emigrants, an ordinance must be passed by the Straits Settlements Legislature; and he believed that the provisions of that ordinance had now been put into a shape satisfactory to the Government of India, if indeed it had not actually passed into law.

On our side we had to frame such safeguards as were deemed necessary to throw around emigration to the Straits Settlements. He confessed he was in hopes that when a sufficient law had been passed on the other side of the water, nothing would have been found necessary on our side beyond the mere removal of the shackles placed on the emigration by the Act of 1871. But the Madras Government, who had the local knowledge necessary for a due understanding of the matter, and on whom lay the responsibility of duly protecting their subjects, did not think so. They were of opinion that, though a great deal of machinery required by the General Emigration Act might be dispensed with, some was still necessary to provide against abuses and disorders. Indeed, it was not the emigrant only who required protection; the employer of labour was liable to be cheated by the recruitment of infirm persons, or by the substitution of such for sound recruits in their passage to the ship that conveyed them away.

He believed he had now explained why it was necessary to have a special law to regulate this particular province of emigration. The Council were aware that the same necessity had been found in other provinces of the same wide subject, according to the special circumstances affecting them. The transit of labour between Bengal and Assam had its special law; that between Madras and Ceylon had its special law; and if Hon'ble Members would cast their eyes on the item No. 8 in to-day's list of business, they would see that a Bill was before the Council for making a special law as between British Burma and the rest of India. The special circumstances as between Madras and the Straits Settlements were the short distance, the long-standing continuance of the traffic, and the consequent numbers of the population already drawn from Madras, among whom the emigrant would find himself not wholly a stranger. It was premature to speak in detail of the contents of the Bill; that would be more properly done when he introduced it. He had already indicated its general principle, namely, the allowance of emigration under as few restrictions as were consistent with security. He thought we might congratulate ourselves on having the assistance in this matter of Sir Andrew Clarke, who had not only been engaged in preparing the ordinance of the Straits Settlements on this subject, but had seen the other side of the shield, and would be able to supply us with a kind of knowledge which he (MR. HOBHOUSE) had always felt that we wanted in discussing questions connected with emigration, namely, a knowledge of the actual life led by the emigrant in the country to which he was conveyed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

OUDH LAWS BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE also moved that the Hon'ble Mr. Eden and the Hon'ble Sir A. J. Arbuthnot be added to the Select Committee on the Bill to declare and amend the laws to be administered in Oudh.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

BURMA LABOUR CONTRACT BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE also moved that the Hon'ble Sir A. J. Arbuthnot and the Hon'ble Sir A. Clarke be added to the Select Committee on the Bill to regulate the transport of Native labourers to British Burma, and their employment therein.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council then adjourned to Thursday, the 15th July 1875.

SIMLA,
The 1st July 1875.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

Printed and published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, *in the* GOVT. CENTRAL BRANCH PRESS, *Simla.*

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 8TH JULY 1875.

GENERAL REMARKS.—The rains are not yet general. In Madras there have been moderate falls in the Northern Districts, but little or none in the South, except in Malabar. In Mysore little has fallen. Throughout Bombay the falls have been scanty during the week, though prospects are still fair. In Sind the river is reported to be rising slowly, and apprehensions are less than last week. In the North-West Provinces the rains continue, with convenient breaks, in the Benares and Bundelkhand Divisions: in Rohilkhand, Agra and Meerut, they have set in: but in Cawnpore only showers are reported, insufficient for ploughing. In Oudh there has been good rain in the Fyzabad Division, but in those of Lucknow and Sitapur the monsoon is still delayed. In the Punjab showers have fallen in most districts, but more rain is required. In Assam proper the fall during the week has been slight, but heavy in Sylhet. In Berar, Central India and Nepal good rain has fallen.

No reports had been received from Bengal, the Central Provinces, or Rajputana up to the time of going to Press.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—		
Kistna (July 8th)	...	1·75 inches of rain at Masulipatam, 2 inches at Palnad; slight elsewhere, one in Gudivada; some canals opened; five feet water over anicut; seed-beds forming in delta; cholum and sajja sowing in Palnad; markets well supplied locally; prices steady; mild small-pox continues; cattle unhealthy in Palnad; dry fodder sufficient.
Kurnool (7th)	0·7 inch in two days.	Pretty good rain in Cumbun; slight elsewhere; yellow jouna, arica and sajja being sown; markets moderately supplied; prices rising in Tirwell, falling in Nandial, and generally steady in other talukas; fever prevalent; cattle healthy, except in parts of Markapur; water and pasture sufficient; 1·5 feet water over Sunkesala anicut yesterday.
Tanjore (8th)	...	No rain at Negapatam; elsewhere very scanty; water-supply moderate in rivers and none in tanks; water over lower anicut north branch one foot half inch; south branch 1 foot 4 inches; upper south 3 inches; north none; cultivation early rice and few dry and vegetable crops; standing crops very few, not thriving from want of rain; harvest none; markets well supplied; prices steady; cholera abating; cattle healthy; pasture insufficient.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—*continued.*		
Trichinopoly (July 7th)	...	Cholera in town much about the same; spreading slightly in district; high winds; no rain; pasture scarce.
Malabar (8th)	6·78	Rain favourable for cultivation; transplanting of first crop almost completed; markets well supplied; prices rising; small-pox and fever slight; cattle healthy; pasture much improved.
		General Remarks.—General prospects satisfactory.
Bombay— (July 8th)		
Sindh		
Kurrachee (7th)	...	River very low; agricultural prospects gloomy.
Hyderabad "	...	River risen slowly since 4th instant: should this continue, safety of greater part of kharif cultivation will be ensured; public health good; weather cloudy; some rain on night of 6th instant.
Upper Sind Frontier "	...	Weather extremely hot; kharif prospects unchanged.
Gujarat.		
Ahmedabad (7th)	0·26	Total rainfall since commencement of season 1·91; more wanted; six cholera cases, but no deaths.
Kaira "	0·46	Total rainfall 1·89; more required; 110 cholera cases, 43 deaths.
Surat "	0·10	More rain wanted in some taluks; weather and health good.
Broach "	...	Slight drizzling; kharif crops thriving; rain much needed; cholera continues.
Khandesh and Nasik.		
Khandesh (7th)	0·31 at Dhulia.	More rain wanted; cholera prevailing; hoeing of cotton in progress; prospects good.
Nasik "	0·25	Kharif sowings retarded for want of more rain; cholera decreasing.
Konkan.		
Tanna (7th)	2·42	Total rainfall 39·5; sowing operations completed; cholera continues.
Deccan.		
Poona (7th)	0·10	Ditto 14·55; sowing of kharif partially commenced; cholera prevalent.
Ahmednuggur "	0·10	Ditto 1·83; sowing operations generally impeded for want of rain; cholera continues.
Sholapur "	...	Total rainfall 4·40; cholera prevalent, except in Sangola.
Satara "	0·30	Ditto 6·46; kharif sowing generally progressing; slight cholera in three talukas; ague in Patan.
Southern Mahratta Country.		
Belgaum (7th)	0·98	Total rainfall 18·7; sowing of kharif in progress.
Dharwar "	...	Ditto 11·88; sowing of rice almost completed, but of jowari, &c., delayed for want of rain.
Kanara "	2·5	Total rainfall 34·0; crops satisfactory; fever and cattle disease prevalent.
Kaladgi "	...	Kharif already sown destroyed by rats; fever and cattle disease prevalent.
Kathiawar.		
Rajkot (7th)	...	Total rainfall 2·67; sowing operations partly in progress.
Wudwan "	0·23	Total rainfall 5·26; owing to break crops in Dhrangadra and Chura withering.
		General Remarks.—Prospects in Sind still gloomy; in Presidency proper prospects fair, but marked deficiency of rain in some Collectorates; cholera continues in Gujarat and part of the Konkan and Deccan.
N. W. P.—		
Benares (July 7th)	...	Weather during the past week has been favourable for ploughing.
Mirzapur "	...	Season very favourable; showers from half an inch to three inches and a half; river nearly eleven feet above zero.
Allahabad (8th)	...	Rains continue with sunshiny breaks.
Cawnpore (7th)	...	Rains still keep off; occasional partial showers; hardly enough for ploughing.
Banda "	...	Favourable rain; ploughing and sowing general.
Hamirpur (8th)	...	Rain moderate as yet and good for ploughing; half an inch to an inch generally, except in pargana Mohaba, which got three inches and a half.
Jhansi (7th)	...	Rain stopped on 29th; slight fall on 4th; raining again to-day.
Agra "	From ·1 to 3·5	Rains seem to have set in; ploughing begun.
Meerut "	From ·6 to 2·5	
Bareilly "	5·70	
Punjab—		
Delhi (July 7th)	·6	Cholera abating; kharif ploughing in progress.
Hissar "	·1 at Hissar and slight showers at Sirsa.	Weather seasonable; sowings suspended for want of more rain; cattle suffering from scarcity of fodder; a few cases of cholera in Rohtak and Hissar districts, otherwise health good.
Umballa "	·8	Kharif sowing commenced; cholera still about.
Jullundur "	·1	Health good.

Presidency or Province and District.		Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Punjab—*continued.*			
Lahore	(July 7th)	*Nil*	Rain anxiously awaited; health good.
Rawul Pindi	"	·50	More rain wanted; health generally good; cattle disease lingers.
Mooltan	"	*Nil*	Health good.
Peshawur	"	...	Kharif sowings in progress on irrigated lands; cattle disease in two tahsils; slight fever prevalent. *General Remarks.*—More rain required throughout the province for the kharif sowings; cholera still confined to the southern districts, general health being otherwise good.
Oudh—			
Lucknow	(July 7th)	*Nil*	Prices stationary; public health good. In the Fyzabad Division prospects are so far favourable; elsewhere the rains have been unduly delayed, and in the Lucknow and Sitapur Divisions some anxiety is expressed.
Sitapur	"	...	
Fyzabad	"	4·7	
Mysore and Coorg—			
Mysore	(July 8th)	·09 in Bangalore Cantonment.	Fever still prevalent in parts of Mysore Province; crops generally thriving, but more rain wanted; agricultural prospects fair.
Coorg	"	5·11	
Assam—			
Gauhati	(July 8th)	·64	Mornings cloudy and hot; scarcely any rain during the week; prospects of crops favourable; tea cultivation progressing; cattle disease on the decrease; choleraic diarrhœa disappearing; public health generally good.
Sylhet	"	5·38	Field work again progresses.
Hyderabad Assigned Districts—			
Umraoti	(July 8th)	4·	Cholera still increasing in Buldana, Akola, Elichpur and Umraoti Districts; disease has appeared in Bassim District; since last fortnight of 5,710 attacked, 2,494 died; cotton sowing completed; jowaree sowing commenced.
Central India—			
Indore	(July 7th)	1·40	General health good; agricultural prospects favourable.
Gwalior	"	·65	
Neemuch	"	3·27	
Rutlam	"	2·91	
Baghelkhund	"	3·	
Sutna	"		
Nepal—	(June 30th)	3·4	Agricultural prospects fair.

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 15TH JULY 1875.

GENERAL REMARKS.—The monsoon may now be considered to have set in, although the falls have been scanty in parts of Northern India. In Madras the fall has been good and general, except in the South-Eastern Districts: in Bombay it has also been sufficient. In Sind some rain has fallen, the river is rising, and prospects have improved. Throughout the Central Provinces and Berar the rainfall has been normal. In Assam it continues abundant. In Bengal it has generally been sufficient, except in Behar and a few other districts: the crops are doing well and the sowings for the winter rice progressing. In the North-West Provinces the rains continue in the Benares Province and Bundelkhand: they have set in in Agra: in Cawnpore, Meerut and Rohilkhand the falls have been light and partial. In Oudh also the rain is not yet general or sufficient. There has been rain throughout the Punjab, except in Sirsa and Rohtak, and prospects are good. In Central India the rain is general, and also in Rajputana, except in Bikaner and Alwar.

Presidency or Province and District.		Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—			
Kistna	(July 15th)	1·41	Rain at Masulipatam 4 inches; at Repalli about 2 inches; elsewhere slight; 5 feet 7 inches of water over anicut; canal supply insufficient; seed beds forming; early dry crops being sown; markets well supplied locally; prices steady; mild small-pox and fever reported; mild cattle disease in four taluks; green grass everywhere.
Kurnool	(14th)	4·54 in six days.	Rain good in three taluks; moderate in two; scanty in others; sajja, yellow jonna, kawa and oilseeds being sown; market well supplied; prices of jonna rising in two taluks, steady in others; fever and small-pox prevalent; cattle disease in Markapur and Pattikonda; water and pasture sufficient; 1·2 feet of water over Sunkesala anicut yesterday.
Tanjore	(15th)	...	Rain at Negapatam ·44; elsewhere light and partial; water-supply moderate in rivers and scanty in tanks; water over anicut none; cultivation, early rice and a few dry crops; standing crops very few, generally in good condition; harvest none; markets well supplied; prices slightly rising; cholera abating in some parts and increasing in others; cattle healthy; pasture insufficient.
Trichinopoly	(14th)	...	Cholera in town decreasing; spreading in districts, but not severely; rain much wanted.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—*continued.*		
Malabar (July 15th)	4·17	Rain favorable for dry and wet cultivation; transplanting first crop almost completed; markets well supplied; prices rising; small-pox and fever slight; cattle healthy; pasture much improved.
		General Remarks.—General prospects satisfactory.
Bombay— (July 16th)		
Sindh (15th)		
Kurrachee "	...	River rising steadily; agricultural prospects improving.
Shikarpoor "	2·41 at Shikarpoor.	Rain throughout district; has much benefited kharif crops; more expected; cotton picking commenced; river 13 feet lower than last year by 11 inches.
Hyderabad "	1·5	River 2 feet higher than last week; a little rice destroyed from want of water; other cultivations progressing actively; there will be a decrease in cotton acreage; public health good.
Upper Sind Frontier "	0·92	Water-supply in Begari abundant; spring crops good; cotton 14 annas in the rupee; health good.
Gujarat.		
Ahmedabad (15th)	1·17	Total rainfall 2·17, more wanted generally; one death from cholera.
Kaira "	3·12	Total rainfall 5·1; 119 cholera cases, 42 deaths.
Surat "	2·27	Total rainfall 15·33.
Broach "	2·18	Total rainfall 12·85; slight cholera in all talukas except Jambusar; kharif thriving.
Khandesh and Nasik.		
Khandesh (July 15th)	0·68	Total rainfall 4·24 at Dhulia; sowing operations continue; young cotton plants thriving; flood at Shirpur on 6th; damage about Rs. 30,000; cholera as before.
Nasik "	1·32	Sowing retarded in some villages for want of rain; cholera decreasing.
Konkan.		
Tanna (15th)	11·1	Total rainfall 50·6; transplantation of crops commenced; cholera continues slightly in seven talukas.
Deccan.		
Poona (15th)	0·61	Total rainfall 14·65; sowing of kharif and cholera as before.
Ahmednuggur "	0·75	Total rainfall 2·58; sowing operations in progress wherever rain has fallen; cholera continues.
Sholapur "	2·30	Total rainfall 6·70; cholera continues.
Satara "	1·15	Total rainfall 7·61; more rain wanted in three talukas; sowing completed in some and progressing in other places; cholera prevalent; ague in Patan; cattle-disease in three talukas.
Southern Mahratta Country.		
Belgaum (15th)	1·92	Total rainfall 19·5; sowing of kharif progressing.
Dharwar "	0·69	Total rainfall 12·57; jowari, &c., not sown in six talukas for want of rain; rice in good condition.
Kanara "	10·0	Total rainfall 40·0; crops satisfactory; fever and cattle-disease prevalent.
Kaladgi "	0·89	Total rainfall 7·35.
Kathiawar and Gaekwar's Territory.		
Rajkot (15th)	0·6	Total rainfall 2·73; sowing operations suspended in some parts for want of rain.
Wudwan "	0·78	Total rainfall 6·4; sowing progressing.
Baroda "	2·68	Kharif crops healthy; public health good.
		General Remarks.—Prospects much brighter in Sind, the river having risen; monsoon generally favourable, but more rain is wanted in parts of Gujarat and Khandesh.
Bengal—		
Chittagong (July 15th)	6·84	
Noakhally "	4·19	
Tipperah "	2·87	
Chittagong Hill Tracts "	2·66	
Hill Tipperah "	2·9	Small-pox has broken out amongst the hill-people in the Koilaspur sub-division.
Backergunge "	2·69	Cattle disease is still prevalent in five thannas.
Fureedpore "	0·18	General health continues good.
Dacca "	2·46	
Mymeesingh "	0·79	
24-Pergunnahs "	6·20	Fever decreasing at Barripore; a few cases of cholera reported from Basirhat and a case of small-pox from Satkhirah.
Jessore "	2·18	
Nuddea "	4·17	
Pubna "	1·16	Public health generally good, but there are many cases of fever of a mild type in the town of Pubna.
Moorshedabad "	0·18	Cholera prevalent in Soojaganj, Gorabazaar, and Goburn.
Rajshahye "	0·79	No sickness.
Bogra "	0·23	
Maldah "	1·18	
Rungpore "	0·56	
Cooch Behar "	4·22	
Jalpaiguri "	10·22	Cholera disappearing.
Darjeeling "	4·50	
Midnapore "	2·32	
Howrah "	5·37	

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bengal,—*continued*.		
Hooghly (July 15th)	2·20	
Burdwan "	1·5	
Bankoora "	2·68	
Beerbhoom "	1·85	
Sonthal Pergunnahs "	2·66	
Bhágalpur "	3·18	General health is very good, except in Muddeespoora, where fever is said to be prevalent.
Purneah "	·36	
Darbangah "	·12	
Mozufferpore "	·27	
Sarun "	...	General health good; cholera abating.
Chumparun "	3·16	
Patna "	·15	Cholera still prevalent, but is fast decreasing.
Gya "	·40	Cholera decreasing.
Shahabad "	3·28	
Hazáribágh "	5·01	
Lohardugga "	5·58	Small-pox and cholera still prevalent, particularly the latter in Palamow.
Maunbhóom "	4·65	
Singbhoom "	2·92	Healthy.
Balasore "	...	A good many cases of cholera reported from all parts.
Cuttack "	1·18	Cholera accompanying the pilgrims back from Pooree.
Pooree "	2·22	There is some cholera.
		General Remarks.—More or less rain is reported to have fallen in almost all the districts, doing much good to the crops and cultivation; in about ten districts the fall has been scanty, consequently more is urgently wanted there, though no injury has yet resulted from its want; in Modhoobaree subdivision of Darbangah and in Bogra serious damage to young crops is apprehended if it does not rain soon. Fair weather is also wanted in places where the rainfall was heavy; elsewhere the crops are doing well and the cultivation of the great rice crops is progressing rapidly. Early rice is being cut in places with good results; other crops faring well. A strong gale, accompanied by showers of rain, has been blowing in and about Calcutta from the evening of the 13th instant.
N. W. P.—		
Benares (July 14th)	...	Not much rain during the past week, except on the night of the 13th.
Mirzapur "	...	Season favourable; no continuous rain but partial showers from half an inch to an inch; steady general rain now falling; river 20 feet above zero on 11th, but has since fallen to 17 feet.
Azimgurh (13th)	1·6 at head-quarters.	Prospects good; ploughing general.
Cawnpore (14th)	...	Rains still very partial; ploughing and sowing continue favourable where rain has fallen.
Allahabad "	2·	
Hamirpur (15th)	...	From 12 to 19 tenths in the four southern parganas, where sowing goes on favourably; from 8 to 2 tenths in the north, where rain is much wanted.
Jhansi (14th)	...	Rainfall eight-tenths on the 8th; total rainfall hitherto 4½ inches; ploughing and sowing going on.
Agra "	...	General rain; ploughing begun everywhere.
Meerut "	...	Not enough rain for ploughing generally.
Bareilly "	·6	More rain required; ploughing begun.
Punjab—		
Delhi (July 14th)	·3	Health good; cholera disappearing.
Hissar "	·9	Heat oppressive.
Sirsa "	...	Agriculturists and cattle suffering from want of drinking water and fodder becoming scarce; ploughing and sowing in abeyance.
Rohtak "	...	29 deaths from cholera in this district, but general health throughout Hissar Division good.
Umballa "	·9	Kharif sowings in progress; no deaths from cholera since 11th.
Jullundur "	1·6	Health good.
Lahore "	·4	More rain wanted; health good.
Mooltan "	1·	Crops under average; health good.
Dera Ismail Khan "	1·	Health good.
Peshawur "	·4	More rain wanted; sowings in progress; cattle disease still continues in two tehsils and slight fever prevalent.
		General Remarks.—The rainfall has been general except in parts of the Hissar Division; every appearance of a further fall; cholera has reached the Kangra and Dalhousie Hills, but is disappearing from the Umballa and Delhi Divisions; cattle disease still lingers in certain districts; crop prospects generally good.
Oudh—		
Lacknow (July 14th)	1·4	Public health good; there have been partial showers in most places, but the complaint is general that more rain is urgently required.
Fyzabad "	2·8	
Sitapur "	1·8	

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Central Provinces,—		
UpperGodavari(July 10th)	4·32	Weather seasonable; Kharif crops sown; health good.
Sambalpur "	2·65	Sowings continue; health good.
Bilaspoor "	·74	Sowings continue; cholera and small-pox prevalent; prices easy.
Raipur "	·95	Sowings continue; cholera decreasing; prices easy.
Chanda (11th)	3·72	Rice sowings completed; other sowings continue; cattle disease prevalent; prices stationary.
Chhindwara "	3·17	Kharif sowing completed; crops look well; health good; prices steady.
Balaghát (12th)	3·20	Transplanting rice commenced; health good; prices steady.
Bhandara (13th)	3·72	Sowings continue, transplanting rice commenced; cholera, fever and small-pox prevalent; prices easy.
Nagpur (14th)	4·48	Sowings continue; prices stationary.
Wardha "	2·45	Sowings continue.
Nimar "	1·28	71 cholera cases; 42 fatal; prices stationary.
Hoshangabad "	4·48	21 cholera cases; 9 fatal.
Betul "	4·50	Sowings continue.
Narsinghpur "	5·	Sowings continue; 2 cholera cases, 1 fatal.
Jubbulpore "	1·15	Small-pox continues; prices rising.
Saugor "	2·30	Crops above ground; small-pox declining; prices rising.
Seoni "	4·60	Sowings continue; health good.
Mandla (15th)	3·20	Sowings progressing; small-pox continues; prices stationary.
Damoh "	1·20	Sowings continue; prices stationary.
		General Remarks.—Prospects generally good and weather seasonable; cholera smoulders in Narbadda Valley, in Chhattisgarh and Bhandara border.
Mysore and Coorg—		
Mysore (July 15th)	1·66 in Bangalore Cantonment.	Health improved in Coorg.
Coorg "	5·31	
		General Remarks.—Agricultural prospects satisfactory.
Assam—		
Gauhati (July 15th)	1·73	Weather very uncertain, hot and sultry; occasional heavy showers; asu being reaped, good outturn expected; season for tea good; prospects of all other crops favourable; public health generally good; cattle disease disappearing.
Sylhet "	6·44	Field-work progresses; rice slightly cheaper; fever prevalent; weather finer.
Hyderabad Assigned Districts—		
Umraoti (July 15th)	1·75	Cholera still prevalent in province and severe in some places; jowari sowing progressing.
Rajpootana—		
Sirohi (July 12th)	4·25	Tanks nearly full; wells filling; health very good; seed-time favourable.
Aboo	.....	Rain up to date 14 inches.
Meywar (9th)	4·40	Good supply of water; health good; prospects favourable; weather cloudy; southerly wind.
Marwar (10th)	1·61	Two months' supply of water in tanks; wells filling; health good, excepting some fatal cholera cases in Mullanee, but rain has stopped their progress, tillage pushed on victoriously.
Bikaner (3rd)	*Nil*	Heat intense; prices rising.
Alwar (8th)	·20	Tanks dry; wells in short supply; cholera still prevalent in two tehsils; people suffering considerably from the great and prolonged heat; want of rain prevents agricultural operations.
Harowtee "	...	Slight showers; rain much required; cholera severe at Kotah.
Deolee "	2·	
Bhurtpore (July 15th)	...	Heavy rain on 10th; health improved.
Jeypore "	...	Rain general; ploughing active throughout the territory; public health good.
Ajmere "	2·50 on 11th & 12th	Prices fallen; sowing generally going on.
Central India—		
Indore (July 14th)	·83	Cholera still on the Vindias; otherwise general health and prospects good; sowing season has been very favourable.
Gwalior "	2·22	
Neemuch "	1·18	
Rutlam "	2·42	
Baghelkhund "	...	No return.
Sutna "	...	
Nepal— (July 7th)	3·25	Agricultural prospects fair.

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 & 25 Vic., Cap. 67.

The Council met at Simla on Thursday, the 15th July 1875.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, G. M. S. I., *presiding.*

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, G. C. B., G. C. S. I.

Major-General the Hon'ble Sir H. W. Norman, K. C. B.

The Hon'ble Arthur Hobhouse, Q. C.

The Hon'ble Sir W. Muir, K. C. S. I.

The Hon'ble Ashley Eden, C. S. I.

The Hon'ble Sir A. J. Arbuthnot, K. C. S. I.

Colonel the Hon'ble Sir Andrew Clarke, R. E., K. C. M. G., C. B.

The Hon'ble T. C. Hope.

NEW MEMBER.

The Hon'ble MR. HOPE took his seat as an Additional Member.

PANJÁB LAWS AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE moved that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill for the better administration of law in the Panjáb be taken

into consideration. He said that the Council were aware that although this Bill had rather a grandiloquent title, its object was merely to give the Government of the Panjáb greater power for making regulations for village-watchmen and police. The subject was one which was not thought of sufficient importance to handle when the Panjáb Laws Act was passed. He had explained to the Council, once or twice, how the Panjáb stood in respect to legislative matters, and how it was necessary, since the passing of the Indian Councils' Act, for the Panjáb Government to come to this Council for any additional legislative powers that it might require. The present Bill, since its introduction, had been published for several months. The remarks that had been made upon it had not induced the Select Committee to make any but verbal alterations; in fact, hardly any substantial alterations had been suggested, so that the Bill as amended by the Select Committee stood almost exactly in the same position as it stood when it was introduced.

The Hon'ble MR. HOPE said that perhaps Mr. Hobhouse would be so good as to inform him for what reasons two suggestions made by the Panjáb Government with regard to the Bill had not been adopted by the Select Committee. One of those suggestions was with reference to the second proviso to section 39A; the other with regard to section 39C. He had no doubt that the Select Committee had good reasons for rejecting those suggestions. The suggestions of the Panjáb Government were to be found in paragraph 6 of the letter No. 892 of the 3rd March 1875, from the Secretary to the Panjáb Government, which was amongst the papers considered in Committee.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE said that according to his recollection the suggestion had been discussed, and that a slight alteration had been made. He had not the original Bill in his hands and could not recollect its precise terms.

The Hon'ble MR. HOPE said that his hon'ble friend Mr. Eden had now kindly explained the matter to him, with the facts of which he had not been previously aware. The second suggestion was with regard to retaining the power of the Governor General in Council in the matter referred to under section 39C.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE explained that the reason for retaining that power was that the particular class of tax referred to was a new tax. In everything else he believed that the Bill followed the exact practice that had been observed in the Panjáb for a great number of years, but with respect to *kasbahs*, they proposed to have a more elaborate system of police, and they might therefore be obliged to put on a new tax. Now in such cases it was considered by the Government of India best to place some degree of check upon the Local Government, and to oblige them to refer to the Supreme Government whenever they desired to levy a new tax. It would be observed that the words "with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council" had been transposed. The clause formerly ran so as to make the previous sanction necessary to the exercise of the discretion of the Local Government whether or no to apply Act V of 1861 at all. Now it was not proposed that the sanction of the Governor General in Council should be required for that exercise of discretion, but when they wanted to put on a new tax for the purpose of paying for that more elaborate system of police, then it was proposed that the sanction of the Supreme Government should come in.

His Excellency THE PRESIDENT observed that that view was in accordance with the policy of the Government of India in the case of all new taxes, whether provincial or local. Whether the tax was called a local or a provincial tax was of no consequence to the person who paid it, and the same dissatisfaction which might be created by the injudicious imposing of new Imperial taxes was also likely to follow the imposition of new provincial or local taxes. It appeared to the Government of India to be essential that a distinct and complete power of control, apart from the more general executive authority of the Government of India over the Local Governments, should be provided for in all Bills relating to local or provincial taxation.

The Hon'ble SIR A. ARBUTHNOT remarked that it seemed necessary that the Government should have the power to determine whether or not a tax was

expedient. In the case of most of the other Provinces, where legislation was resorted to, involving taxation, it was the practice to make in such legislation definite and specific provision as to the nature and description of the taxation which was to be levied; and it appeared to him a little doubtful whether in principle it was desirable that the nature and description of a tax, where taxation was sanctioned, should not be specifically provided for.

The Hon'ble SIR WILLIAM MUIR said that the same doubt had occurred to him in reference to clause *(j)* (under section 39A), namely, whether it was in accordance with legislative usage to confer the absolute authority on a Local Government of imposing a tax without any limitation as to the amount of its incidence, nor any condition as to the mode of its assessment. But on making inquiry into the subject, he learned that in this present case, the power in question had long been exercised by the Panjáb Government; and as the Bill simply legalized the existing practice, he had withdrawn the objection.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE remarked that it had been the practice which, he believed, had prevailed since the acquisition of the Panjáb, and that it was in accordance with the law. When we acquired the Panjáb, the orders of the Government were the law, and they had since been expressly legalized by the operation of the Councils' Act. This state of things therefore was quite legal, and the Bill only proposed to continue it. But in point of fact there was a practical limitation of this tax, and a very substantial one, namely, the extreme smallness of the object for which alone it could be levied. It could only be levied for village-watchmen and the things connected with them. That was a minute matter and might well be left where it stood, in the hands of the Local Government.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE also moved that the Bill as amended be passed.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

BURMA LABOUR CONTRACT BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE presented a preliminary Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to regulate the transport of Native labourers to British Burma, and their employment therein. He said that there was no motion before the Council with respect to this Report, and they did not propose to proceed with the Bill until there had been ample time for the Local Governments, and that portion of the public which was interested in the matter, to consider it; in fact, in all probability, it would not be desirable to proceed with the Bill until the Council got to Calcutta. But the Select Committee had introduced some very large alterations into the Bill, and those alterations again depended upon a most essential change in the administrative and financial system which underlay the whole of the legislation on this subject, and therefore it would be convenient if he now gave to the Council a short explanation of the nature of those changes.

It was now very nearly two years ago since he introduced this Bill into the Council. At that time there was no system whatever of assisted emigration to British Burma, but it was conceived that the owners of property in British Burma who stood in need of labour were prepared to advance funds for the purpose of importing labourers from peninsular India into British Burma, looking, of course, to be repaid by the value of the labour. In particular there was one large owner of property—the British Burma Company—who expressed a strong desire to have a law which would secure to them the fruits of the expenditure that they were prepared to make upon the importation of labourers into British Burma. Upon that footing a Bill was prepared, following in most of the essential respects the other enactments that we had upon the subject of emigration, that was to say, securing certain safeguards for the proper conduct of the emigrants down to the sea-shore, for their carriage across the sea, and for their protection against ill-treatment when they arrived at the place of labour; and, on the other hand, securing to the person that bore the

expenses the services of the labourers, putting summary remedies into his hands, and placing penalties upon the labourers in case they violated the terms of their contracts.

Well, the Bill was introduced and it was published, and it was intended to proceed with it after the Council got to Calcutta, because it was a matter that affected the Local Governments both of Bengal and Madras. But before any further step was taken there came the Bengal famine, and with the famine came a new plan of importation of labourers from Bengal into British Burma at the expense and under the direction of the Local Government. When that undertaking was commenced the Local Government of British Burma, over which his hon'ble friend Mr. Eden then presided, applied to the Council to stay their hands. Accordingly the progress of the measure was suspended for a considerable time. During that time the new plan came well into work, and the working of it had been considered quite satisfactory by the Government.

Now the Council of course were aware that there were different systems of emigration prevailing in different places. In most of those countries which, as regards the Government of India, were foreign countries, the system was to make the emigrant contract with the Government and for the Government to assign the emigrant to some particular private employer for the full term of his contract. In Assam, which was both near at hand to us and also was under our dominion, the practice was for the emigrant to enter into a direct contract with some private employer, and the Government had nothing whatever to do with the disposal of his labour. In the Straits Settlements, which were also near at hand to us, and which used, until quite lately, to be part of our dominions, the same practice prevailed as in Assam.

With respect to British Burma, as the two circumstances that he had mentioned of proximity and uniformity of dominion were the same as they were in Assam and as they used to be in the Straits Settlements, the circumstances seemed, in the first instance, to point to the adoption of the same system that prevailed in Assam, and accordingly the original Bill was framed upon that footing. But there were two reasons why in the case of British Burma we should rather adopt the system of contract with the Government. One reason—a very important one and probably of itself conclusive—was that the system had been started,—it existed,—it was working on a considerable scale and in a satisfactory way. The other reason was that the conditions of labour in British Burma were not the same as those that existed in other countries. In Assam, and also in our Colonies, the labourer directly he got into his new country was set to work for the whole term of his contract upon some plantation of tea, cotton, coffee, sugar, or some other product; but in British Burma the Government itself was the principal employer of the labourers who went there, and of those who were not employed by the Government, the majority were set to work in the towns or at some labour other than field labour. Well, then, he would state the system proposed for British Burma, and perhaps his hon'ble friend Mr. Eden, who knew more about the country than he did, would be good enough to correct him if he made any misstatement or any material omission.

It was proposed that every emigrant should enter into a contract with the Government to labour for a certain term of years, or, to put it more technically, he was to contract with the Secretary of State in Council who, for all purposes of property and contract, represented the Indian public. The contract would be regulated by section 13 of the Bill, which provided for the term of his engagement, which in no case was to exceed three years; the quantity of his work, which in no case was to exceed six days a week or nine hours a day; and the quantity of his wage, which in no case was to fall short of Rs. 7 a month. Then by section 35, which might be termed the corner-stone of this Bill, every emigrant who had entered into such contract, when it had been ratified by the Emigration Agent, was bound to serve according to the terms of his contract in the place and mode in which the Local Government, that was the Chief Commissioner of British Burma, should appoint. The expenses of conveying the people to their place of labour were intended to be borne in the first instance by the Local Government

of British Burma, and they would look for repayment to the value of the labour they got, or to some private employer who might desire to have the services of the labourer for a greater or less period of his contract. Every labourer who throve and succeeded would have to pay in some shape or other the expense of his own transit to his place of labour, and also something more which should represent the general expense of carrying the machinery of the Act into effect, and the expense of the conveyance of those persons who died or who fell sick, or in some way or other failed to produce any profit. In fact, in those operations, as in all operations on a great scale, the successes must pay for the failures. Now let us suppose that the cost of transit to Rangoon was Rs. 20. He was giving only imaginary figures, but he believed they were tolerably near the mark. Well, Government would want to be repaid this Rs. 20 and also something more which would represent the man's fair share of the general expenses. What that something more should be, would be ascertained by experience, somewhat roughly perhaps, but yet with tolerable accuracy. Let us suppose it to be Rs. 5. Therefore the man would have to pay Rs. 25 before he cleared scores with the Government. Now he might be dealt with in two different ways: either he might be assigned to somebody who wanted his services and would take him for a greater or less time and pay down the Rs. 25, or some portion of the money according to the period of the engagement, or he might be retained in the service of Government and the excess of his earnings according to the market-price of his labour over the contract-price of it would be placed to his credit; that was to say, the Government might say to him "you have contracted to serve us for Rs. 7 a month, your labour is worth Rs. 10, we will place Rs. 3 to your credit, or we will pay you Rs. 8 and place Rs. 2 to your credit, and whenever it comes to pass that Rs. 25 stand to your credit, then you shall be a free man." But then one might say, if it was the fact that the market-price of labour so much exceeds the contract-price, every good labourer would repay the Government over and over again before he had completed the three years of his contract. No doubt that was so, and if it should happen that a good labourer contracted to serve for three years, which however, be it observed, was the maximum and not the necessary term of his service, and that he worked all that time for Rs. 7, which however was the minimum and not the necessary amount of his wages, in that case the Government would be repaid long before the three years were out. But in order to meet such cases it was proposed that whenever the amount that was settled as the redemption price was placed to the credit of the labourer, that moment he might redeem his contract and become a free man. In fact, the Government wished for nothing so much as for free men instead of contract labourers, and they proposed to give every species of facility to the early redemption of contracts upon proper terms.

Of course the principle of the Bill could not be changed in the way Mr. Hobhouse had described. We could not change the whole motive power of the machinery we created without great modifications in the Bill itself. The Council would find the Bill very much shortened and simplified, and they would also find one or two questions, which he had mentioned when he introduced it as puzzling questions, entirely got rid of. He would briefly state the main features in which the original and amended Bills remained still the same and those in which alterations had been made by the amended Bill.

With respect to the treatment of emigrants from the time they left their own homes to the time they got on board-ship for British Burma, there was no material difference between the two Bills. The Bill still required a written contract before the emigrant left his home; it still required a local medical examination for the purpose of testing the man's fitness for labour; it still required a local examination by the Magistrate in the presence of the recruiter for the purpose of testing the man's knowledge of the undertaking into which he had entered; it still required a formal registration of the contract, and made that registration the foundation of all ulterior proceedings; and it still required due attention to the wants of the emigrant on the part of the recruiter, the Emigration Agent, and the Medical Inspector. Again, when the man arrived at the place of his labour, there was very little difference between the original and the amended Bills in the requirements they made for the purpose of securing to him due protection against any imposition or ill-treatment. But inasmuch as the Local Government would be entirely responsible for his conveyance from penin-

sular India to his place of labour, it was proposed to omit a great number of detailed requirements which were in the original Bill respecting the period of transit, because those matters might now be provided for much better either by general rules or by simple executive orders.

Of the questions of which he said we had got rid, perhaps the most puzzling was the question of labour-rate. The original Bill provided that the Local Government might levy a rate upon all employers of emigrants not to exceed Rs. 5 per emigrant, and the rate might be levied yearly. There were considerable difficulties in fixing the maximum amount of that rate, and perhaps greater difficulties in fixing its exact incidence. It was necessary because we were proceeding on the footing of a direct contract between the emigrant and the employer, and the employer would only pay the expense of the actual transit of each person; whereas there was also the expense of the general machinery to be provided for, and the Government which provided that machinery ought to be reimbursed in some way. But now, seeing that every contract was to be made with the Government, and that the private employer would get no labour except by an assignment from the Government to himself, it seemed more proper and certainly would be much easier to make him pay in one lump sum the expense of the transit of the labourer he took, and the percentage on it to cover the expenses of the failures and of the machinery. That would be provided for in the first instance in the assignments, which of course would differ in the charges they imposed upon the employer according to the length of time for which he took the labourer. After a time it would probably be possible for the Local Government to fix upon some general rules to regulate those payments, and the Bill gave them power to do so.

Another matter of considerable difficulty was the terms upon which contracts should be redeemed. The original Bill gave a scale or tariff on which every emigrant should be entitled to redeem his bargain with his employer, so many rupees for the first year, so many for the second, so many for the third. It was a very rough way of ascertaining the price of redemption, and it met with a good deal of remonstrance from our friends the British Burma Company as representing the employers of labour. But now he had explained to the Council the very simple mode in which it was proposed that as between the labourer and the Government the contract should be redeemed. Of course, if the labourer was assigned, he must redeem the assignment as well as the contract, and in the case of very short assignments probably the simplest plan would be that they should be worked out. In the case of long assignments it would be better to give the man some power of redeeming them, and we proposed that the Inspector of Immigrants in British Burma should decide whether the assignment should be redeemed or not. If not, the emigrant must work out his assignment. If it was to be redeemed, then it would be redeemed on the terms which would form part of the original bargain between the employer of the labourer and the Government, and which might perhaps after some accumulation of experience be reduced to rule.

Another difficult matter related to the return-passage of the emigrant. It had been our general policy to insist that the emigrant's contract should always contain a provision entitling him to a free return-passage, that is to say, one at the expense of his employer, whenever the term of his contract was worked out. However suitable that might be to other places, it was certainly not suitable to the system of short contracts and very easy redemptions which we proposed for British Burma. In point of fact the existing contracts under which labourers at this moment were going from India to British Burma did not provide for any such thing. On the contrary, it had been the policy of the Government of British Burma to offer the labourers grants of land for the purpose of inducing them to stay in their new country, instead of a money bonus for the purpose of inducing them to return to their old homes.

There were minor alterations in the Bill, some depending upon the essential alteration of principle he had mentioned, and others made because the provisions of the Bill were found not to be suitable to the circumstances of British Burma. But the Council was not now considering the Report, and he need not go into those matters in more minute detail. He thought he had stated enough to enable the Council, and those outside who might take an interest in the matter, to

grasp with facility the differences which existed between the original and amended Bills and the reasons upon which those differences rested.

The Hon'ble SIR WILLIAM MUIR said that there was one question he would like to ask his hon'ble friend Mr. Hobhouse. For sufficient reasons, the section providing for the return of the labourer to India had been properly removed from the new Bill as it now stood. But there was one exception, and that was with regard to disabled labourers. The Local Government, as he understood from section 60, should either provide for the employment and support of the disabled labourer and his dependents, or return them to the place at which they were registered. When the labourer was disabled permanently, and there was no means for his support or employment, he (SIR WILLIAM MUIR) would ask whether it would not be more suitable that the labourer should be provided with the means of returning to his home, rather than to the place of registration.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE said that the expression suggested by Sir William Muir was the more correct expression. But as it was only a matter of a few words, it was hardly worth while altering the Bill, and it would be sufficient if the Secretary made a note of it for the Select Committee, to whom the Bill would come back again.

His Excellency THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF enquired why no provision was made for returning emigrants.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE said that it was because the Bill contemplated a system of very short contracts. We contemplated a contract which should never be for more than a term of three years, and which in many cases would be less. Moreover a good labourer might redeem that contract within a year. The policy of the Government was to take a population into this very thinly-peopled country, and the Government of British Burma at this moment were offering grants of land to the emigrants in order to induce them to settle in British Burma. Now it would be an absurd thing if with one hand we offered inducements to the emigrants to stay in the country, while with the other we held out a money bonus to them to return home. Such a course would be both inconsistent and against our policy.

His Excellency THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF observed that it seemed to him that the emigrants might possibly not have intentions of settling in British Burma, and that if the rate of wages was only Rs. 7 a month, it would be a perpetual exile to a man, because he could never save a sufficient sum out of Rs. 7 a month in a foreign country to repay the Government and to defray the expense of his return home.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE said that it was the difference between the contract-price and the market-price which would repay the Government.

His Excellency THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF remarked that the Bill as now framed seemed to indicate the possibility of a considerable population being thrown into British Burma who did not contemplate being for ever exiled from their own country and settled in British Burma, and of being left there without the means of returning.

The Hon'ble MR. EDEN explained that although the cost to emigrants of returning from the Colonies was Rs. 40 or Rs. 50, steamers left British Burma sometimes two or three times a week, which would bring back emigrants occasionally as cheap as Rs. 2 or Rs. 3 a head. The instances, he thought, would be very exceptional in which the emigrant could not afford to pay this sum, having regard to the fact that every labourer who chose could with ease earn eight annas a day. The case with regard to Colonial labourers was very different, as they had to be sent on emigrant ships a long voyage under special arrangements at a considerable cost per head.

His Excellency THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF said that the only other remark he wished to make was that the fixing of nine hours a day by law was rather a long period for labour. Eight hours was considered the usual working day.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE said that was the time which was settled in the Department which attended to those matters, and that particular part of the Bill was framed by a gentleman—Mr. Geoghegan—who had great knowledge of the subject, and who was very vigilant with regard to the protection of emigrants. The point was not one on which Mr. Hobhouse himself possessed personal knowledge.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hobhouse then introduced the Bill to amend the law relating to Telegraphs in India, and moved that it be referred to a Select Committee with instructions to report in six weeks. He said that this was a Bill which he obtained leave to introduce at the last meeting of the Council, and he then explained the necessity for the measure. It was to remove all doubt with respect to the power of Government to make rules for the conduct of Telegraphs licensed under the Act of 1854. That object was provided for by section 2 of the present Bill. The rest of the Bill, as he had already mentioned, so far as it altered the present law, consisted merely of penal clauses. The present Act was passed shortly before the Penal Code, with which it was not quite in accordance. It was now to be brought more into accordance with it, and several sections we found might be omitted altogether on account of the passing of the Criminal Procedure Code. He thought that the only section to which he need draw attention as embodying any important principle was section 15. That section provided for the increase of the police force if an act causing wrongful damage to any Telegraph was repeatedly committed in any place, and that the cost of such additional force should be charged upon the inhabitants of such place. Whether, under the present law, it would be competent to do that or not, Mr. Hobhouse was not quite certain. It seemed to him that it would. The principle was contained in the Police Act V of 1861, one section of which gave the Local Government power to employ additional police in any part of the general police district in which, from the conduct of the inhabitants, they might deem it expedient to increase the number of the force. That was exactly the same principle which we proposed to apply to the Telegraphs. We only proposed to make it clear that it was capable of that particular application, and he did not suppose that any one would dispute that the instance in question would be a very beneficial application of the general principle.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hobhouse moved that the Bill be published in the official *Gazettes* in such languages as the Local Governments might think fit.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

SUNDRY BILLS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hobhouse moved that the Hon'ble Mr. Hope be added to the Select Committees on the following Bills :—

To consolidate and define the law relating to the settlement and collection of land-revenue in Oudh.

For declaring what laws are in force in Oudh.

To consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships and Coasting Steamers.

To limit the jurisdiction of the Civil Courts throughout the Bombay Presidency in matters relating to the land-revenue.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

NATIVE PASSENGER SHIPS BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hobhouse also moved that the Hon'ble Mr. Eden be added to the Select Committee on the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships and Coasting Steamers.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The following Select Committee was named :—

On the Bill to amend the law relating to Telegraphs in India,—the Hon'ble Sir Andrew Clarke, Sir Douglas Forsyth and Mr. Hope and the Mover.

The Council then adjourned to Thursday, the 29th July 1875.

Simla,
The 15th July 1875.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

ERRATUM.

In the Extra Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, July 19, 1875, page 5, for the first two sentences in the second paragraph read:

"Of course the principle of the Bill could not be changed in the way Mr. Hobhouse had described, we could not change the whole motive power of the machinery we created, without great modifications in the Bill itself."

EXTRA SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 30. SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1875. Register No. 75.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 22ND JULY 1875.

GENERAL REMARKS.—Good rain has fallen in the Northern Districts of Madras and in Malabar: it is much wanted in the South. In Sind heavy rain has fallen at Hyderabad and Kurrachee: the river has risen greatly and is now sufficiently high. In Gujarat, Khandesh, the Konkan, and the South Mahratta Country the falls have been heavy: in the Deccan, Poona and Satara have had abundant, and Satara and Ahmednuggur scanty, falls. The rains are general and abundant throughout the Central Provinces, Berar, Central India and Rajputana. In Assam little has fallen, and more is wanted. In Bengal the falls have been general, but less than last week: more rain is reported to be urgently wanted in several districts of the Rajshahi, Bhágalpur and Patna Divisions. In the North-West Provinces the rains continue in the Benares Division, Allahabad and Bundelkhand; more is wanted in Cawnpore, Agra, Meerut and Rohilkhand. In Oudh good rain has fallen in Sitapur, little in Lucknow and none in Fyzabad: its want is much felt. In the Punjab the rain has been general except in Delhi and Hissar, where it is much needed.

Presidency or Province and District.		Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—			
Kistna	(July 22nd)	·19 at Masulipatam.	Rain about one inch elsewhere; 5 feet of water over anicut channel; supply insufficient; early crops being sown; markets well-supplied locally; prices steady; mild small-pox in five taluks; fever and cattle-disease in Palnad; pasture improving.
Kurnool	(21st)	3·28 in six days.	Pretty good rain in three taluks, and less than an inch in others; jonna, sagga and areca crops being sown; market well supplied; prices rising in Pamalcotta and Nandial, stationary in others; fever prevalent; cattle-disease in Patticondah and Markapur; water and pasture abundant; 0·7 foot of water over Sunkesala anicut.
Tanjore	(22nd)	...	No rain at Negapatam, elsewhere slight and partial; water supply low in rivers, and none in tanks; water over upper anicut north branch 10 inches, south 1 foot 1 inch; lower anicut none; cultivation, rice and a few dry crops; standing crops very few, not thriving from want of rain; harvest none; markets well supplied; prices steady; cholera generally abating; cattle generally healthy; pasture scanty.
Trichinopoly	(21st)	...*	Cholera in town abating, still prevalent in the district; rain much wanted.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—*continued.*		
Malabar (July 22nd)	9·80	Rain favorable for cultivation; transplanting first crop almost completed; markets well supplied; prices steady; small-pox and fever slight; cattle healthy; pasture flourishing. *General Remarks.*—General prospects satisfactory.
Bombay— (July 22nd)		
Sindh (21st)		
Kurrachee "	...	River rising; heavy rain on Sunday and Monday.
Shikarpoor "	0·02	River 14 feet 9 inches; 8 inches higher than last year.
Hyderabad "	...	River risen 22 inches since last week; supply now sufficient for cultivation; rain 8¼ inches.
Upper Sind Frontier "	0·25	Canals doing well.
Gujarat.		
Ahmedabad (21st)	4·95	Total rainfall 7·12; agricultural operations going on favorably.
Kaira "	7·58	Total rainfall 12·59; 39 cholera cases, 10 deaths.
Surat "	10·89	Total rainfall 26·22.
Broach "	19·92	Total rainfall 32·77; slight cholera in some talukas; agricultural prospects promising; cotton injured at Broach and Wagra by rain.
Khandesh and Nasik.		
Khandesh (21st)	2·29 at Dhulia	Total rainfall 6·53; cotton and other crops in good condition; cholera continues; 1,541 cases, 690 deaths.
Nasik "	4·30	Total rainfall 13·04; fall general; kharif sowing in progress; cholera decreasing.
Konkan.		
Tanna (21st)	11·63	Total rainfall 61·69; transplantation of crops in progress; cholera prevalent.
Deccan.		
Poona (21st)	4·05	Total rainfall 18·70; sowing of kharif and cholera continues.
Ahmednuggur "	0·12	Total rainfall 2·70; sowing operations generally impeded, except in Akola and Sangamner talukas; cholera prevails throughout district; increasing in Nagar taluka.
Sholapur "	0·40	Total rainfall 7·10; cholera prevails slightly in Madha taluka.
Satara "	5·42	Total rainfall 13·3; sowing of kharif generally completed; young crops thriving; cholera in 8 and cattle disease in 3 talukas.
Southern Mahratta Country.		
Belgaum (21st)	8·64	Total rainfall 29·69.
Dharwar "	4·48	Total rainfall 17·5; crops good; jowar sowing still progressing.
Kanara "	14·	Total rainfall 54·; crops good.
Kaladgi "	·18	Total rainfall 7·53; kharif sowing progressing.
Kathiawar and Gaekwar's Territory.		
Rajkot (21st)	1·28	Total rainfall 4·1 inches; weather continues cloudy.
Wudwan "	1·18	Total rainfall 7·22 inches; crops well; cholera in Li mri and Sfanf.
Baroda "	8·78	Kharif crops healthy; public health good. *General Remarks.*—Height of river satisfactory in Sindh; prospects generally good in remainder of Presidency; cholera still prevalent in parts of Deccan and Gujarat.
Bengal—		
Chittagong (July 22nd)	·90	
Noakhally "	7·26	General health most favourable; no particular disease prevalent; accidental deaths of children from drowning frequent as usual at this time of the year.
Tipperah "	2·29	
Chittagong Hill Tracts "	7·70	
Hill Tipperah "	1·11	
Backergunge "	6·73	A little fever continues, and also a little cattle disease.
Fureedpore "	2·63	General health continues good.
Dacca "	1·75	
Mymensingh "	1·79	
24-Pergunnahs "	1·71	Cases of cholera reported from Satkhirah, Barripore and Basirhat; fever on the increase at Diamond Harbour and decrease at Barripore.
Nuddea "	1·32	
Jessore "	3·77	
Pubna "	1·09	Public health generally good, but there is much fever in and about the town.
Moorshedabad "	1·10	Cholera still prevalent at Soojagunj, Gorabazar, Gokwur and Kallyanganj thanas.
Rajshahye "	·68	There is no marked sickness.
Bogra "	·20	Cholera has entirely disappeared.
Maldah "	·08	
Rungpore "	·52	
Cooch Behar "	1·17	
Jalpaiguri "	·03	
Darjeeling "	2·78	
Midnapore "	2·02	
Howrah "	6·24	
Hooghly "	·81	

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bengal—*continued.*		
Burdwan (July 22nd)	...	Health fair.
Bankoora "	1·06	
Beerbhoom "	1·91	
Sonthal Pergunnahs "	1·01	
Bhágalpur "	1·07	General health very good, though fever, cholera and small-pox cases are reported here and there.
Purneah "	1·98	
Darbangah "	·49	
Sarun "	...	General health good; cholera in a mild form has broken out in Sewan.
Chumparun "	·13	
Patna "	1·32	Health generally good.
Gya "	2·12	Cases of cholera show an increase again during the week in Aurungabad Sub-division.
Shahabad "	0·25	
Hazáribágh "	4·53	Health good.
Lohardugga "	5·39	In Palamow cholera is increasing.
Maunbhoom "	3·71	
Singbhoom "	5·14	Healthy.
Balasore "	...	Cholera still lingers in a sporadic form, but the number of cases reported has decreased considerably during the week.
Cuttack "	5·52	Cholera accompanying the pilgrims who are coming back from the Ruth festival at Pooree.
Pooree "	2·47	
		General Remarks.—Reports have been received from almost all districts that more or less rain has fallen which has benefited the crops in general. The high winds noticed in the last report appear to have traversed about one-third the number of districts. The rice crop in parts of the 24-Pergunnahs, Jessore, Moorshedabad, Noakhally, Tipperah, Chittagong Hill Tracts, and Gya, have suffered either from excessive rain, high winds, or both. In Hazaribagh the Indian corn has been damaged past recovery, on the other hand rain is urgently required in about ten of the districts, mostly in the Rajshahye, Patna and Bhágalpur Divisions; elsewhere the state and prospects of the crops in general are good.
N. W. P.—		
Benares (July 21st)	Average rainfall 3·8	Weather favourable for sowing.
Mirzapur "	...	More rain needed north of Ganges; showers from 15 to 27 tenths; river rising.
Azimgurh "	3· at head-quarters.	Ploughing general.
Cawnpore "	Average rainfall 1·	Ploughing and sowing continue; more rain wanted, especially in the south-eastern parganas.
Allahabad "	Average rainfall 1·33	Prospects favourable save in north.
Banda "	...	Rains favourable; prospects good.
Hamirpur (22nd)	From ·1 to 2·	Rain fairly general; prospects good in south.
Jhansi (21st)	·7 at head-quarters.	Prospects good except in pargana Jhansi where rain is wanted.
Agra "	...	Good rain in Pinahat, but little in other parganas; rain is now wanted and seems to be imminent.
Meerut "	...	Ploughing begun in some parts; rain much wanted.
Bareilly "	...	Prospects of rice doubtful for want of rain.
Moradabad "	...	Rain wanted; delay in sowing especially in the case of rice in consequence.
Punjab—		
Delhi (July 21st)	...	No rain; sowing operations consequently retarded; general health good; cholera almost disappeared.
Hissar "	*Nil*	Rain much wanted; weather warm and cloudy; ploughing and sowing commenced in a few villages of Hissar and Sirsa where rain has fallen; health generally good but 55 deaths from cholera during the week in nine villages of Sirsa where cattle disease also prevails; cattle suffering from want of pasturage generally.
Umballa "	1·2	Kharif being sown; cholera still lingers; 3 deaths during the week.
Jullundur "	2·9	Ploughing and sowing in progress; a few cholera cases in Phillour Tahsil.
Lahore "	2·1	A good fall of rain throughout district; health and agricultural prospects good.
Rawal Pindi "	2·25	Prospects and public health good.
Mooltan "	...	Drizzling while report despatched; crops improving; health good.
Dera Ismail Khan "	·3	More rain wanted; Kharif sowing progressing.
Peshawur "	3·7	Kharif sowings in progress; cattle disease still in two tahsils; slight fever prevailing.
		General Remarks.—Cholera still lingers in certain localities, but health and agricultural prospects generally good, though rain much needed in Hissar District.
Oudh—		
Lucknow (July 21st)	·3	Public health good; prices rising; rains much wanted in Lucknow, Unao and Sitapur, and some anxiety is beginning to be felt in other Districts for the Kharif sowings.
Fyzabad "	*Nil*	
Sitapur "	2·2	

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Central Provinces—		
UpperGodavari(July 17th)	1·65	More rain wanted; health good; prices easy.
Sambalpur „	4·44	Rice-sowings completed; prospects favourable; health good.
Bilaspoor „	3·90	Cholera and small-pox prevalent; prices easy.
Chanda (18th)	1·33	Rice-crop doing well; cattle disease continues; prices stationary.
Chhindwara „	3·81	Rain favourable to crops; health good; prices easy.
Balaghât (19th)	7·60	Heavy continuous rain; transplanting rice continues; health good; prices steady.
Bhandara (20th)	4·67	Transplanting rice continues; jowari sowings delayed owing to heavy rain; fever and small-pox continue; 10 fatal cholera cases; prices stationary.
Nagpur (21st)	2·94	Transplanting rice commenced; four cholera cases in Ramtek tahsil; prices stationary.
Wardha „	1·40	Sowings continue; two deaths from cholera.
Nimar „	1·65	Sowings continue; 112 cholera cases, 58 fatal; prices stationary.
Hoshangabad „	7·63	Nerbudda river in flood; 10 cholera cases, 7 fatal.
Betul „	3·10	Sowings continue.
Narsinghpur „	10·	Heavy continuous rain; sowings continue; 5 cholera cases, 3 fatal.
Jubbulpore „	6·30	Small-pox continues; prices rising.
Saugor „	11·12	Weeding commenced; prices stationary.
Seoni „	4·40	Sowings continue; health good.
Damoh „	5·75	Sowings continue; prices stationary.
Mandla „	4·80	Sowings continue; prices stationary.
		General Remarks.—General prospects continue favourable, but in parts rain has been excessive. Cholera lingers in Nimar; elsewhere decreasing.
Mysore and Coorg—		
Mysore (July 22nd)	·39 in Bangalore Cantonment	Fever still prevalent in Mysore.
Coorg „	15·47	
		General Remarks.—Agricultural prospects continue satisfactory.
Assam—		
Gauhati (July 22nd)	·07	Weather hot and sultry; want of rain retards the progress of the planting of salee: prospects of tea good; cattle disease on the decrease; public health good.
Sylhet „	2·09	Reaping of aous crop commenced; rice slightly dearer; weather oppressive.
Hyderabad Assigned Districts—		
Umraoti (July 22nd)	1·40	Cholera still prevalent; since last fortnight of 11,430 persons attacked 5,108 died; jowaree sowing nearly completed.
Rajpootana—		
Aboo (July 22nd)	37·	Total rainfall up to date 53·, a quantity quite unprecedented.
Jodhpore (17th)	...	2 inches of water in wells; rising in tanks; a month's supply; health good; cultivation going on; present crops promising; cholera in Mullanee entirely ceased.
Pallee (21st)	·..	Rain plentiful; rivers in flood; subsided on 17th and 18th.
Meywar (16th)	2·3	Water supply, health and prospects good; light showers during the week.
Bickanere (18th)	·64 on 7th & 8th	
Alwar (15th)	2·82	Cholera subsiding in the tahsils which were suffering for the past months; good deal of land has been sown.
Harowtee States.		
Deolee (July 15th)	3·5	
Tonk „	1·6	
Kota „	8·	
Jhallawar „	4·5	Cholera abating at Kota, increasing at Tonk.
Bhurtpore (22nd)	*Nil*	Weather cloudy and close.
Jeypore „	...	Favourable rains; ploughings and sowings active; health good.
Ajmere „	1·75 on 16th, 17th, and 18th.	Sowings in progress; season so far favourable.
Central India—		
Indore (July 21st)	2·31	Cholera occurs occasionally in the Bheel Villages; general health in Central India good; rains promise favourably.
Gwalior „	1·1	
Neemuch „	6·80	
Ratlam „	6·18	
Baghelkhund „ / Sutna „	6·80	
Nepal— (July 14th)	2·5	Agricultural prospects fair. A few cases of cholera have occurred in the city of Katmandoo.

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF ACTS OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1834 ...	I	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Secretaries to Government ...	
1835 ...	I	Governor of Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Assam, Arrakan, Tenasserim ...	Rep. as to Arrakan and Tenasserim, XII of 1862.
	III	Claims under certain Regulations	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	IV	Justices of the Peace, Calcutta ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	District Munsifs, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VI	Khási Hills and Cachar ...	Rep. as to Khási Hills, XXII of 1869, sec. 3.
	VII	Sessions Judges	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VIII	Sales in Satisfaction of Decrees for Rent	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	IX	Salt Chaukís, Bengal ...	Rep., Bengal Act VII of 1864.
	X	Proof of Acts of Governor General in Council	Rep., II of 1855.
	XI	Printing-presses	Rep., XXV of 1867, sec. 2.
	XII	Repealing Mad. Reg. IV, 1829, and IV, 1830	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIII	S. F. Adálat, Bombay ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XIV	Magistrates, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Evidence: Contempt: Perjury: Madras	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XVI	Partial repeal of Ben. Reg. V, 1830, s. 2	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Silver and Gold Coinage ...	Rep., XXIII of 1870.
	XVIII	Chaprásses	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XIX	Assistant to Agent for Sardárs in Dekkhan	
	XX	Police, Bombay	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXI	Copper Coinage	Rep., XIII of 1862.
1836 ...	I	Light-house Funds, Cambay ...	Rep., XVII of 1858.
	II	Customs-duties, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Cattle-duty, Salsette ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	IV	Insolvent Debtors ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	Enforcement of Decrees, Bengal ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VI	Prisoners under Mad. Reg. III, 1802, s. 22	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	VII	Municipal Taxes, Bombay .	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VIII	Principal Sadr Amíns, &c., Bengal	Rep., XII of 1873.
	IX	Oaths	Rep., X of 1873.
	X	Indigo Contracts, Lower Provinces and N. W. Provinces ...	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868: XIV of 1870. XVI of 1874.
	XI	Non-exemption from Jurisdiction of certain Courts	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Decrees of Nawáb of Farakhábád	Rep., XIII of 1860.
	XIII	Sicca Rupees: Piece ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Customs-duties, Bengal ...	Rep., XIII of 1871.
	XV	Sabáthu	Rep., XXXII of 1850.
	XVI	Vakíl in Addl. Govt. Commissioner's Office, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Begum Samrú	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVIII	Bhore Ghát Toll	Rep., II of 1837.
	XIX	Bank of Bengal	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XX	Batwáras, Lower Provinces ...	Rep. in part, XIX of 1863; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1836 ...	XXI	Zilas, Lower Provinces and N.-W. Provinces	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXII	Eastern Canal Tolls Lower Provinces	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXIII	Gumsur and Suráda Zamíndáris ...	Rep., XXIV of 1839.
	XXIV	Judicial Officers, Madras and Bombay	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Warehousing Ports	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXVI	Governor General's Camp Police	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXVII	Vakíls, Madras	Rep., XI of 1864.
	XXVIII	Municipal Assessments, Madras ...	Rep., XXVI of 1856.
	XXIX	Sadr Amíns, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXX	Thugs	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXXI	Government Grants, Madras ...	Rep., XXIII of 1871.
	XXXII	Import and Export of Sugar ...	Rep., XIX of 1854.
1837 ...	I	Justices of the Peace, Calcutta ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Bhore Ghát Tolls, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1851.
	III	Transfer of Suits, Bengal ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	IV	Property in Land	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	V	Native Emigrants	Rep., XIV of 1839.
	VI	Málguzárs, Katák ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870. XVI of 1874.
	VII	Charter Courts: Pardons ...	Rep., V of 1871.
	VIII	Anjengo and Changancherry, Madras	Rep., III of 1838.
	IX	Succession to Pársís' Immoveable Property	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	X	Claims to Lands, Straits Settlements	
	XI	Repealing Bom. Reg. I, 1820, in part	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Incombustible Roofs, Calcutta ...	Rep., XIV of 1856.
	XIII	Courts Martial	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Foreign Bottoms	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Chaukídárí Assessment ...	Rep., XX of 1856.
	XVI	Customs	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVII	Post Office	Rep., XVII of 1854.
	XVIII	Thugs	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XIX	Competence of Witnesses ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XX	Immoveable Property, Straits Settlements	
	XXI	Office Oaths and Declarations ...	Rep., X of 1873.
	XXII	Revenue Offences, Madras Collectorate	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXIII	P. S. Amíns, Madras ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXIV	Police, Bengal	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Judiciary System, Bengal ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXVI	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVII	Salt-duties, Bombay... ...	Rep., Bombay Act VII of 1873.
	XXVIII	Repeals Ben. Reg. X, 1829, in part	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIX	Language of Judicial and Revenue Proceedings	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXX	Police Amíns, Madras ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXXI	Coinage	Rep., XIII of 1862.
	XXXII	Emigration	Rep., XIV of 1839.
	XXXIII	Heads of District Police, Madras	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXXIV	Judiciary System, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXV	Decrees, Madras	Rep., X of 1861.
	XXXVI	Criminal Jurisdiction, Madras ..	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXXVII	Political Offences, Bombay ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXXVIII	Local Agent, Ben. Reg. XIX, 1810	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1838 ...	I	Customs, Bombay	Rep., I of 1852.
	II	Salt, N.-W. Provinces ...	Rep., XIV of 1843.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1838 ...	III	Joint Criminal Judge, Cochin ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	IV	Perjury, Sadr Díwání Adálat, Bombay	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	Bengal Bonded Warehouse ...	Rep. in part, V of 1854.
	VI	Enquiries into Charges against Public Servants, Bombay ...	Rep., XXXVII of 1850.
	VII	Zila Judges, Bengal... ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	VIII	Bhore Ghát Tolls	Rep., VIII of 1851.
	IX	Fines, Bombay	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	X	Kumáon	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XI	Remuneration of Amíns effecting Partitions	Rep. locally, XIX of 1863; in part, XIV of 1870.
	XII	Hidden Treasure, Madras ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XIII	Power to extend Ben. Reg. XII of 1833	Rep., I of 1846.
	XIV	Gánja and Bhang, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Repeal of Bom. Reg. XII, 1827, in part	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVI	Suits, Bombay	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874; Bom. Act II, 1866.
	XVII	Appeals from Munsifs, Madras ...	Rep., X of 1861.
	XVIII	Sureties, Bombay	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Coasting Vessels, Bombay ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XX	Post Office	Rep., XVII of 1864.
	XXI	Silver Coinage	Rep., XIII of 1862.
	XXII	Appeals from Munsifs, Bengal ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXIII	Repeal of Mad. Reg. IV, 1821, in part	Rep., XXIII of 1871.
	XXIV	Bank of Bengal	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Wills made between 1st February 1839 and 1st January 1866 ...	Rep. (except as to certain Wills), VIII of 1868.
	XXVI	Principal Sadr Amíns, Madras ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXVII	Judiciary, Bengal	Rep., X of 1861.
	XXVIII	Perjury, Supreme Courts ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIX	Salt, Lower Provinces ...	Rep. locally, Bengal Act VII of 1864. „ in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXX	Registry of Deeds, Bengal ...	Rep., XVI of 1864.
	XXXI	Criminal Law: Supreme Courts...	Rep., X of 1875.
	XXXII	Justices of the Peace, Bengal ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
1839 ...	I	Sale of Distresses, Bengal ...	Rep., X of 1859.
	II	Fines by Magistrates ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	III	Revenue Courts and Munsifs ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	IV	Theft of Trees, &c., Straits Settlements	
	V	Search-warrants, Straits Settlements	Rep., XIV of 1851.
	VI	Bank of Bengal	Rep., IV of 1862.
	VII	Tahsildárs, Madras	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XII of 1873.
	VIII	Jágír of Chinchni, Bombay ...	Rep., XV of 1874.
	IX	Pauper Suits, Bengal ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	X	War against Allied States, Straits Settlements	
	XI	Appeals to Queen in Council ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Assessments and Taxes, Straits Settlements	Rep., IX of 1848.
	XIII	Port-dues, Madras	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XIV	Emigration	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XV	Importation of Foreign Sugar, Madras	Rep., XIX of 1854.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1839 ...	XVI	Government Rents, Straits Settlements	
	XVII	Post Office	Rep., XVII of 1854.
	XVIII	Thugs	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XIX	Sentences of Imprisonment, Bombay	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XX	Levy of Hakks, Bombay ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXI	Petty Offences, Calcutta ...	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	XXII	Prisoners' Counsel, &c., Supreme Courts	Rep., X of 1875.
	XXIII	Courts Martial	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	XXIV	Ganjam and Vizagapatam ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874; Madras Act I of 1865.
	XXV	Powers of Collectors, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVI	Public Officers, Bengal ...	Rep., XXXVII of 1850.
	XXVII	Execution of Decrees of Judge of 24-Parganas	
	XXVIII	Buildings in Bombay and Colaba	Rep., VI of 1857.
	XXIX	Dower	Rep. (except as to certain marriages), VIII of 1868.
	XXX	Inheritance	Rep. (except as to certain descents), VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Injuries to the Coin ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXII	Interest	
1840 ...	I	Fanjdári Adálat, Madras ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	II	Courts Martial	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	III	Bank of Bombay	Rep., Bombay Act X of 1863.
	IV	Affrays, Bengal	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	V	Oaths	Rep., X of 1873.
	VI	Bills of Exchange	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VII	Deputy and Assistant Registrars to Sadr Courts, Bengal ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VIII	Panchâyats, Madras	
	IX	Arbitrations, Damages, Witnesses; Supreme Courts	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868.
	X	Temple of Jagannáth ...	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868; XVI of 1874.
	XI	Criminal Law, Bombay ...	Rep., Bombay Act IV of 1865.
	XII	Extending Act XII of 1839, Straits Settlements	Rep., IX of 1848.
	XIII	Factors	Rep., IX of 1872.
	XIV	Extending 9 Geo. IV, c. 14 ...	Rep., IX of 1872.
	XV	Agents of Foreign Sovereigns, Bombay	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVI	Transported Convicts ...	Rep., V of 1871.
	XVII	Salt Laws, Madras ...	Rep. locally Madras Act VI of 1871. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVIII	Licenses for Sale of Liquor, Bombay	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	XIX	Appeals by Paupers	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XX	Revenue-sales	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXI	Suits under Ben. Reg. XLIX of 1793	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXII	Vagrants, Presidency Towns ...	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	XXIII	Execution in Presidency Towns of Mofussil Process ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874. Rep. in part locally, Bengal Act II of 1864. Rep. in part locally, Madras Act V of 1869.
	XXIV	Municipal Rates, Calcutta ...	Rep., XVI of 1847.
	XXV	A'bkári, Bengal	Rep., XXI of 1856.
1841 ...	I	Pattídári Estates, Bengal ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1841 ...	II	Gánja and Bhang, Bombay ...	Rep., XXXIV of 1857.
	III	Petty Offences, Bombay Town ...	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	IV	Public Conveyances, Bombay Town	Rep., Bombay Act VI of 1863, sec. 33.
	V	Trials for State Offences ...	Rep., X of 1872.
	VI	Import of Rum, Bengal ...	Rep., VI of 1863.
	VII	Evidence	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	VIII	Interpleader	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	IX	A'bkári, Bengal	Rep., XXI of 1856.
	X	Registry of Ships	Rep. in part, XI of 1850; XVI of 1874; IV of 1875, sec. 30.
	XI	Military Courts of Requests ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; IX of 1871; XVI of 1874. Rep. locally, Madras Act I of 1866, sec. 9. Bombay Act III of 1867, sec. 2. Extended, XII of 1842. Suspended in certain cantonments, III of 1859, sec. 2. Section 17 may be suspended, XII of 1868.
	XII	Sales of Land for Revenue arrears	Rep. in part, I of 1845; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874. Rep. locally, XIX of 1873.
	XIII	Explaining Act XXV of 1836 ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XIV	Markets, Bombay Town ...	Rep., XIV of 1856.
	XV	Repealing Ben. Reg. IX, 1819, s. 7	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVI	Oaths of Justices of the Peace ...	Rep., II of 1869.
	XVII	Appeals, Bengal	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVIII	Export of Military Stores ...	Rep. in part, XIII of 1852, s. 37; XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Wrongful Possession in case of Successions	Rep. in part, VIII of 1855, s. 13; XVI of 1874.
	XX	Collection of Debts on Successions	Rep., XXVII of 1860.
	XXI	Local Nuisances	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXII	Municipal Rates, Madras Town ...	Rep., XXVI of 1856.
	XXIII	Import of Rum, Madras ...	Rep., VI of 1863.
	XXIV	Illusory Appointments: Infants' Property	Rep. in part, XXVII of 1866; VIII of 1868; XVI of 1874.
	XXV	Contempts in Equity ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVI	Extending 3 & 4 Wm. IV, c. 42...	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868; XVI of 1874.
	XXVII	Unclaimed Dividends on Insolvents' Estates	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868; XVI of 1874.
	XXVIII	Extending Act XXIII of 1839 to Camp-followers	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	XXIX	Dismissal of Suits and Appeals, Bengal and Madras ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXX	Obstructions to Justice ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Criminal Appeals, Bengal ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
1842 ...	I	Sale of Opium, Calcutta ...	Rep., XI of 1849.
	II	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Extending Act XXI of 1839 ...	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	IV	Boat Regulations, Madras Roads	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874. See, too, Madras Act IV of 1869.
	V	Sale of Spirits, Bombay Town	Rep., Bombay Act IX of 1867.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1842 ...	VI	Nipáni Jágír	Rep., XV of 1874.
	VII	Repealing Ben. Reg. XIX, 1797, s. 5, and IV, 1803 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VIII	Sadr Courts	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	IX	Extending 4 & 5 Vic., c. 21 ...	
	X	Municipalities, Bengal ...	Rep., XXVI of 1850.
	XI	Foreign Sugar	Rep., XIX of 1854.
	XII	Military Bázárs	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874. Rep. locally, Bombay Act III of 1867, sec. 2. Extended, XIV of 1855.
	XIII	Revenue, Bombay	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XIV	Nuisances, Bombay Town ...	Rep., XIV of 1856.
	XV	Emigration	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XVI	Leases, Bengal	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Revenue Commissioners, Bombay	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XVIII	Revenue, Bombay	Rep., XVII of 1862.
1843 ...	I	Registration of Instruments ...	Rep., XVI of 1864.
	II	Appeals to Sadr Díwání Adálat, Bengal	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	III	Special Appeals	Rep., XVI of 1853.
	IV	Appeals from Convictions ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	V	Slavery	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VI	Amíns and Munsifs, Bengal ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	VII	Courts, Madras	Rep. in part, III of 1873; „ the rest, XII of 1873.
	VIII	Provincial Courts of Appeal, Madras	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	IX	Bank of Madras	Rep., Madras Act V of 1862.
	X	Karnúl and Banganapalle ...	Rep., XXIII of 1858.
	XI	Hereditary Officers, Bombay ...	Rep., Bombay Act III of 1874.
	XII	Judicial Language	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XIII	Conduct of Public Officers, Madras	Rep., XXXVII of 1850.
	XIV	Inland Customs, N. W. Provinces	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	XV	Deputy Magistrates, Deputy Collectors	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVI	Repeal in part, of Ben. Reg. IX of 1808 and XVI of 1810 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Official Trustee	Rep., XVII of 1864, (except as to trusts vested under it).
	XVIII	Thugs and Dacoits	Rep., VIII of 1863.
	XIX	Registration of certain Deeds ...	Rep., XVI of 1864.
	XX	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXI	Emigration	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XXII	Repeal in part, of Ben. Reg. III of 1793	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIII	Zila Courts in Ceded Provinces ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIV	Dacoity	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXV	Applying 5 & 6 Vic., c. 47, s. 11	Rep., XII of 1873.
1844 ...	I	Nawáb of Carnatic	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Appeals to Queen in Council ...	Rep., VI of 1874.
	III	Corporal Punishment ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	IV	Repeal of Ben. Reg. IX of 1808	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	Private Lotteries	Rep., XXVII of 1870.
	VI	Transit and other Duties: Salt: Madras	Rep. in part,— VII of 1859; XXIII of 1859; VI of 1863; XIX of 1866; VIII of 1868; XI of 1869; XXIV of 1869; XIII of 1871; XVI of 1874.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1844 ...	VII	Competence of Witnesses ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VIII	Native Military Convicts ...	Rep., VII of 1850.
	IX	Principal Sadr Amíns and Sadr Amíns	Rep., XII of 1873.
	X.	Sentences for Murder ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XI	Supreme Court, Fort William ...	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XII	Indian Navy	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIII	Trisuli Pice	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Transportation for Life ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XV	Customs-duties	Rep., IX of 1845, sec. 3.
	XVI	Salt-duties, Bombay ...	Rep. in part,— VII of 1861; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874; Bombay Act VII of 1873.
	XVII	Colaba	Rep., VIII of 1853.
	XVIII	Jails, Bengal	Rep., XXVI of 1870.
	XIX	Town-duties, Bombay ...	
	XX	Factors	Rep., IX of 1872.
	XXI	Emigration	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XXII	Copper Coinage	Rep., XIII of 1862.
1845 ...	I	Sales of Land for Revenue-arrears, Bengal	Rep. as to Lower Provinces, XI of 1859; Panjáb, XII of 1873; N.W. Provinces, XIX of 1873.
	II	Adultery, Bombay	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	III	Security for Costs in Appeals, Bengal	Rep., XII of 1873.
	IV	Registration of Deeds ...	Rep., XVI of 1864.
	V	Native Law Officers	Rep., XI of 1864.
	VI	Commissions of the Peace ...	Rep., II of 1869.
	VII	Canals, N. W. Provinces ...	Rep., VIII of 1873.
	VIII	Security for Costs in Appeals, Bombay	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	IX	Import-duties	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	X	Warrants on failure to serve summons	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XI	Municipal Funds, Bombay Town ...	Rep., XXV of 1858.
	XII	Assistant Registrar, Sadr Díwání and Sadr Faujdári Adálat, Bombay	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIII	Attornies, Supreme Court, Bombay	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Názirs in Munsifs' Courts, Bengal	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XV	Native Soldiers	Rep., X of 1872.
	XVI	Re-admission of Appeals, Bengal and Madras	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVII	Witnesses in Munsifs' Courts, Bengal	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVIII	Offences by Convicts ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XIX	Assam Company	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XX	Native Army, Articles of War ...	Rep., XIX of 1847.
	XXI	Meriah Sacrifices	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXII	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIII	Union Bank	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIV	Pilot Court, Bengal	Rep., XII of 1859.
	XXV	Emigrant Ships, Madras ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XXVI	Spirit Licenses, Calcutta ...	Rep., XI of 1849.
	XXVII	Assistant Magistrates, Bengal ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXVIII	Supreme Court, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIX	Joint Zila and Sessions Judges ..	Rep., X of 1872.
	XXX	Fines in Compensation, Madras ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXXI	Pensions of Soldiers, Bombay ...	Rep., VI of 1849.
	XXXII	Distillery Licenses, Madras ...	Rep., Madras Act III of 1864.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1846 ...	I	Pleaders	Rep. locally, XX of 1865, sec. 3.
	II	Unscrewed Cotton	Rep., I of 1852.
	III	Boundary-marks, Bombay	Rep. in part, Bombay Act I of 1865, sec. 50; XVI of 1874.
	IV	Execution-sales of Land, Bengal...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	V	Surat Police	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VI	Bhatti Territory, N. W. Provinces	Rep., IV of 1872.
	VII	Diet-money for Witnesses ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	VIII	Revenue Settlement, N. W. Provinces	Rep. in part,— XIV of 1870; XIX of 1873.
	IX	Boats in Harbours, Madras ...	
	X	Distress for Rent, Bengal ...	Rep., X of 1859.
	XI	Khándeç and Ahmadnagar ...	Rep. (except as to Scheduled Districts), XIV of 1874. Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
1847 ...	I	Boundaries, N. W. Provinces ...	Rep., XIX of 1873.
	II	Explaining Act V of 1840 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Police, Straits Settlements ...	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	IV	Military Magistrates ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	Execution of Sentences of Courts in Native States	Rep., VIII of 1863.
	VI	Copper Currency, Straits Settlements	Rep. in part, XVII of 1855.
	VII	Distresses, Calcutta	Rep., I of 1875.
	VIII	Emigration from Madras Port ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	IX	Assessment of new lands, Lower Provinces	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874; Bengal Act IV of 1868.
	X	Sentences to Imprisonment for Life	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XI	Convicts from Hong-Kong ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Fines on Munsifs and Sadr Amins	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIII	Emigration to Ceylon ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XIV	Transcription of Plaints, Bengal...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Survey of Lands in Calcutta ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVI	Commissioners for Improvement of Calcutta	Rep., X of 1852.
	XVII	Defects in Civil Procedure ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVIII	Registration of Deeds, Bengal ...	Rep., XVI of 1864.
	XIX	Articles of War, Native Army ...	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	XX	Copyright	Rep. in part— XVII of 1862; XIV of 1870; IX of 1871; XVI of 1874.
	XXI	Supreme Court, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXII	Municipal Commissioners, Calcutta	Rep., XIV of 1856.
	XXIII	Transportation	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1848 ...	I	Forgery, Bengal	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	II	Municipal Commissioners, Calcutta	Rep., XII of 1852.
	III	Meaning of 'Thug' and 'Thuggee'	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	IV	Coroners' Juries	Rep., IV of 1871.
	V	Penal Recognizances ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	VI	Foreign Bottoms	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VII	Amending Act VI of 1848 ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	VIII	Amending Ben. Reg. V of 1812...	Rep., X of 1859.
	IX	Municipal Rates, Straits Settlements	Rep., XXVII of 1856.
	X	Mandví, Bombay	Rep. in part, XV of 1874.
	XI	Wandering Gangs of Thieves ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1848 ...	XII	Commissioners for Recovery of Small Debts, Calcutta ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIII	Limitation, Bengal	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Commissions to take Affidavits, Supreme Court, Calcutta ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XV	Officers of Supreme Courts ...	
	XVI	Salt, N. W. Provinces ...	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XVII	Stamp-duties, Madras ...	Rep., VII of 1870.
	XVIII	Nawáb of Surat ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XIX	Criminal Sentences, Bengal and Madras	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XX	Attendance before Collectors ...	
	XXI	Wagers	Rep., IX of 1872.
	XXII	Indictments for forgery ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIII	Amending Act XXV of 1840 ...	Rep., XXI of 1856.
	XXIV	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Banganapalle, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVI	Coroners' Juries, Straits Settlements	
	XXVII	Indian Navy	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1849 ...	I	Offences in Foreign States ...	Rep., XI of 1872.
	II	Branding Convicts	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Union Bank, Calcutta ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	IV	Criminal Lunatics	Rep., X of 1875.
	V	Customs-duties, Straits Settlements	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VI	Pensions	Rep., XXIII of 1871.
	VII	Administrator General ...	Rep. (except as to letters of administration granted before 1st March 1855), VIII of 1855, sec. 56.
	VIII	Police Magistrates, Madras Town ..	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	IX	Police Magistrates, Madras ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	X	Commissioner of Revenue, Madras	
	XI	Ábkárí, Calcutta ...	Rep. in part,— XIII of 1856; XIV of 1870.
	XII	Sadr Adálat, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIII	Smuggling of Salt, Calcutta ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XIV	Tampering with Army or Navy ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XV	Repealing Bom. Reg. XVIII, 1827, s. 6, cl. 1 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1850 ...	I	Title to certain Lands, Calcutta ...	Rep., VI of 1857.
	II	Extending Act VII of 1849 to Madras and Bombay ...	Rep. (except as to letters of administration granted before 1st March 1855), VIII of 1855, sec. 56.
	III	Sadr Amíns and District Munsifs, Madras	Rep., X of 1861.
	IV	Appeals to Sadr Court, Bengal ...	Rep., XV of 1853.
	V	Coasting Trade	
	VI	Military Offences	Rep, XXIX of 1861.
	VII	Removal of Prisoners ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	VIII	Appeals	Rep., XII of 1873.
	IX	Small Cause Courts, Presidency Towns	Rep. in part,— VIII of 1868; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874; I of 1875.
	X	Aden	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XI	Amending Act X of 1841 ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XII	Public Accountants	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XIII	Breaches of Trust	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XIV	Police Magistrates, Straits Settlements	Rep., XIII of 1856.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1850 ...	XV	Munsifs' Courts, Bengal ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVI	Fines	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XVII	Taking Land in Bombay and Colaba	Rep., VI of 1857.
	XVIII	Protection of Judicial Officers ...	
	XIX	Binding Apprentices ...	Rep. in part,— XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XX	Tributary Mahâls, Katák ...	
	XXI	Non-forfeiture of Rights for Loss of Caste	
	XXII	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIII	Land Revenue, Calcutta ...	
	XXIV	Duty on Tobacco, Bombay Town ..	Rep., IV of 1857.
	XXV	Forfeiture of Deposits on Land-sales	Rep. in part,— X of 1861; XIV of 1870.
	XXVI	Improvements in Towns ...	Rep. locally,— Bengal Act III of 1864, sec. 5; Madras Act X of 1865, sec. 3; Bengal Act VI of 1868, sec. 3; Bombay Act VI of 1873; VI of 1868, sec. 5; IV of 1873. Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXVII	Registry of Merchant Seamen ...	Rep., I of 1859.
	XXVIII	Merchant Seamen	Rep., I of 1859.
	XXIX	Amending Act XXXI of 1838 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXX	Pleaders: Appeals ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Salt Revenue, Bombay ...	Rep., Bombay Act VII of 1873.
	XXXII	Repealing Act XV of 1836 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIII	Sale of Pátní Tenures, Bengal ...	Rep. in part,— XIV of 1870. XVI of 1874.
	XXXIV	State Prisoners	
	XXXV	Ferries, Bombay	Rep., Bombay Act II of 1868.
	XXXVI	Amending Articles of War for Native Army	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	XXXVII	Inquiries into behaviour of Public Servants	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870. XVI of 1874. in part, locally, XVI of 1868.
	XXXVIII	Prisoners' Counsel	Rep. XVII of 1862.
	XXXIX	Municipal Commissioners, Calcutta	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XL	Pawnbrokers, Straits Settlements	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	XLI	Landing Decrepit Beggars, Straits Settlements	
	XLII	Public Works, Bengal ...	Rep., VI of 1857.
	XLIII	Joint Stock Companies ...	Rep., X of 1866, sec. 219.
	XLIV	Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XLV	Coroners	Rep., IV of 1871.
1851 ...	I	Fines under Act XXIV of 1845 ...	Rep., XII of 1859.
	II	Amending Ben. Reg. XIII of 1810	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Salt-smuggling	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	IV	Deputy and Assistant Magistrates, Bombay	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	V	Turton's Insolvency	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VI	Foras Land, Bombay ...	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	VII	Execution of Decrees, Bombay ...	Rep., X of 1861.
	VIII	Tolls on Roads and Bridges ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870. in part, locally, XV of 1864.
	IX	Gambling, Bombay Town ...	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	X	Administration Certificates ...	Rep., XXVII of 1860.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1851 ...	XI	Registration of Deeds, Bengal ...	Rep., XVI of 1864.
	XII	Land-revenue, Madras Town ...	Rep. in part, Madras Act VI of 1867.
	XIII	Amending Act V of 1851 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Excise, Straits Settlements ...	Rep., XXX of 1866.
	XV	Cotton-frauds, Bombay ...	Rep., Bombay Act IX of 1863.
	XVI	Receivers of Stolen Goods ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
1852 ...	I	Customs, Bombay ...	Rep., XIII of 1871.
	II	Land-customs, Bombay ...	Rep., XXIX of 1857.
	III	Spirituous Liquors, Bombay ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	IV	Emigration	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	V	Marriage by Registrars ...	Rep., XV of 1872.
	VI	Horsburgh Light-house ...	Rep., XIII of 1854.
	VII	Offences against Salt-laws, Madras	Rep. locally, Madras Act VI of 1871. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VIII	Sheriffs' Fees	
	IX	Repealing Ben. Reg. I of 1832...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	X	Municipal Commissioners, Calcutta	Rep., XXVIII of 1856.
	XI	Titles to Rent-free Estates, Bombay	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XII	Municipal Commissioners, Calcutta	Rep. (except sec. 50),— XIV of 1856; Rep., as to sec. 50, XXVIII of 1856.
	XIII	Calcutta Police	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	XIV	Extending certain Acts to Straits Settlements	
	XV	Evidence	Rep., I of 1872.
	XVI	Criminal Procedure, Supreme Courts	Rep., X of 1875.
	XVII	Special Cases, Supreme Courts ...	
	XVIII	Pleaders, Lower Provinces ...	Rep., XX of 1865.
	XIX	A'bkári, Madras Town ...	Rep. in part,— XIII of 1856; XIV of 1870.
	XX	Acquisition of Land for Public Purposes, Madras ...	Rep., VI of 1857.
	XXI	Deputy Collectors, Bombay ...	Rep. in part,— XII of 1873; Bom. Act I of 1868.
	XXII	Summary Suits for Arrears of Rent	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIII	Fines, Madras and Bombay ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXIV	Crimping	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XXV	Execution of Decrees on Appeal...	Rep., VI of 1874.
	XXVI	Sadr Amins and Munsifs ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXVII	Heads of Villages, Bombay ...	Rep., Bombay Act VIII of 1867.
	XXVIII	Police, Bombay	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIX	Circuits of Judicial Commissioners, Bombay	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXX	Naturalization of Aliens ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXXI	Repealing Ben. Reg. XX of 1817, s. 16, cl. 17	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXII	Prosecution of certain Officers ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXXIII	Enforcement of Judgments ...	Rep. in part, X of 1861; VII of 1870.
	XXXIV	Gambling, Straits Settlements ...	Rep., XIII of 1856.
	XXXV	Local Taxation, Akyab and Kyook-Phyoo	
1853 ...	I	Corporal Punishment, Madras and Bombay	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	II	Public Charges on Landholders ...	
	III	Great Indian Peninsula Railway...	Rep., XVIII of 1854, sec. 39.
	IV	Tobacco Monopoly, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1853 ...	V	Amending Act IV of 1839, Straits Settlements	
	VI	Summary Suits for Arrears of Rent, &c.	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; Ben. Act VIII of 1865.
	VII	Jurisdiction of Magistrates ...	Rep., X of 1872.
	VIII	Colaba	Rep. in part, XV of 1874.
	IX	Amending Act VI of 1853 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	X	Amending Act XXII of 1836 ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XI	Harbour of Bombay ...	Rep. in part, XXII of 1855, sec. 2; XIV of 1870.
	XII	Great Indian Peninsula Railway...	Rep., XVIII of 1854, sec. 39.
	XIII	Vishalghur	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XIV	Indian Navy	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Regular Appeals, Bengal ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVI	Special Appeals	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVII	Imrit Rao's Jágír	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XVIII	Sale of Spirits in Cantonments ..	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874; locally, XXII of 1864; Madras Act I of 1866, sec. 41; Bombay Act III of 1867, sec. 2.
	XIX	Evidence, Bengal ...	Rep. in part, X of 1855; X of 1861; I of 1872.
	XX	Pleaders	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; locally, XX of 1865.
	XXI	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1854 ...	I	Acquisition of Land, Madras Town	Rep., VI of 1857.
	II	Assessor to Court of Petty Sessions, Bombay Town ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Amending Native Articles of War	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	IV	Cantonment Bázárs, Bombay ...	Rep. locally, Bombay Act III of 1867, sec. 2.
	V	Bengal Bonded Warehouse Association	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	VI	Supreme Courts, Equity Procedure	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VII	Fugitive Foreign Offenders ...	Rep., XI of 1872.
	VIII	Certificates of Administration ...	Rep., XXVII of 1860.
	IX	Civil Appeals	Rep., XII of 1873.
	X	Assistant and Deputy Magistrates	Rep., X of 1872.
	XI	Copper Coinage	Rep., XIII of 1862.
	XII	District Munsifs, Madras ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XIII	Lighthouses, Straits Settlements	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XIV	Assam Tea Company ...	Rep., IV of 1855 sec. 14.
	XV	Borneo Commission	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVI	Police, N. W. Provinces ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XVII	Post Office	Rep., XIV of 1866, sec. 3.
	XVIII	Railways	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XXV of 1871; XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Foreign Sugar	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XX	Agent to Governor General, Rámghar, Jungle Mahals, and Midnapore	
	XXI	Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay	Rep. locally IV of 1862; Mad. Act V of 1862; Bom. Act X of 1863.
	XXII	British Subjects	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIII	Outrages in Malabar ...	Rep., XX of 1859.
	XXIV	War-knives in Malabar ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXV	Mofussil Treasury Warrants ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.

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Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1854 ...	XXVI	Court of Wards, Bengal ...	Rep. locally, XIX of 1873; Bengal Act IV of 1870, sec. 86.
	XXVII	Názim of Bengal	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXVIII	Municipal Commissioners, Calcutta	Rep., XXVIII of 1856.
	XXIX	Exportation of Saltpetre ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXX	Customs-duties, British Burma	Rep. in part, VII of 1859; XIV of 1870; XIII of 1871; XIII of 1873.
	XXXI	Real Actions: Conveyance of Land	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXXII	Torture, Madras	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIII	Language of Judicial Decisions ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXXIV	Electric Telegraphs	Rep. (except as to licenses under it), VIII of 1860.
1855 ...	I	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Evidence	Rep., I of 1872.
	III	Indian Navy	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	IV	Assam Company	Rep., XI of 1866.
	V	Execution, Supreme Courts ...	Rep. (except as to Straits Settlements), VIII of 1868.
	VI	Execution, Supreme Courts.	
	VII	Arrest on Mesne Process, Supreme Courts	Rep. (except as to Straits Settlements), VIII of 1868.
	VIII	Administrator General ...	Rep., XXIV of 1867.
	IX	Regular Appeals, Madras ...	Rep., X of 1861.
	X	Witnesses, Madras and Bombay	Rep. in part, X of 1861; XII of 1873.
	XI	Mesne Profits: Improvements ...	
	XII	Suits for Wrongs: Executors and Administrators	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	XIII	Compensation for Loss occasioned by Death	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	XIV	Military Bázárs, Madras ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XV	Joint Police Officers, Bombay ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XVI	Use of Badges, Bombay ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XVII	Copper Currency, Straits Settlements.	
	XVIII	Pardons and Reprieves ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XIX	District Munsifs, Madras ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XX	Boundary-marks, Madras ...	Rep., XXVIII of 1860.
	XXI	Wards, Madras.	
	XXII	Ports and Port-dues	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XXIII	Administration of Mortgaged Estates	Rep. (except as to descents and devises occurring or made before 1866), VIII of 1868. in part XVI of 1874.
	XXIV	Penal Servitude ...	Rep. in part,— XII of 1867; XIV of 1870; V of 1871; XVI of 1874.
	XXV	Sessions at Utakamand ..	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVI	Government Savings Banks ...	Rep., V of 1873.
	XXVII	Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay	Rep. in part, IV of 1862; Madras Act V of 1862; Bombay Act X of 1863.
	XXVIII	Repeal of Usury Laws ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXIX	Amending Act VI of 1844 ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXX	Repealing Act XXVIII of 1839, s. 7	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Emigration to St. Lucia and Granada	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XXXII	Embankments, Lower Provinces	Rep. locally, Bengal Act VI of 1873; in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1855 ..	XXXIII	Exportation of Saltpetre ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIV	Execution of Judgments ...	Rep. (except as to Charter Courts), X of 1861.
	XXXV	Import of Cotton, N.-W. Provinces	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXVI	Contraband Salt, N.-W. Provinces	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	XXXVII	Santhál Districts ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870, and sec. XIV of 1874.
	XXXVIII	Rebellion in Bírbhúm, &c. ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1856 ...	I	Obscene Books and Pictures ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	II	Offences affecting the Public ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	III	A'bkári, Calcutta, Madras Town.	
	IV	Cattle Killing	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	V	Extending Act XXIII of 1854 ...	Rep., XX of 1859.
	VI	Patents	Rep., IX of 1857, but saved as to acts done under it; XV of 1859, sec. 36.
	VII	Water-supply, Bombay Town ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VIII	Gaols, Madras and Bombay ...	Rep. locally, Madras Act V of 1869; in part, XIV of 1870.
	IX	Bills of Lading.	
	X	Native Articles of War ...	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	XI	European Deserters ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	XII	Civil Court Amíns, Bengal ...	Rep. in part, X of 1861; XIV of 1870; X of 1873; XII of 1873.
	XIII	Police, Presidency Towns ...	Rep. locally, Bengal Act IV of 1866, sec. 2; Madras Act VIII of 1867, sec. 81; in part, XLVIII of 1860; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874. XII of 1875.
	XIV	Conservancy, Presidency Towns ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XV	Remarriage of Hindú Widows.	
	XVI	Port-dues	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Criminal Process	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XVIII	Collector of Calcutta ...	Rep. in part, XVIII of 1869.
	XIX	Emigration	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XX	Police Chaukídárs, Bengal ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; X of 1872. Bengal Act VI of 1867, sec. 3; locally, Bengal Act VI of 1868, sec. 3; locally, in part, Bengal Act III of 1864, sec. 5.
	XXI	A'bkári, Bengal	Rep. locally, X of 1871. in part, XXIII of 1860; XIV of 1870; Bengal Act I of 1874.
	XXII	Tolls, Kurratiya River.	
	XXIII	Recovery of Revenue-arrears, Madras	Rep., XXXIX of 1858.
	XXIV	Bengal Mariners, &c., Society ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Municipal Rates, Presidency Towns	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXVI	Municipal Commissioners, Madras Town	Rep., Mad. Act IX of 1865.
	XXVII	Municipal Commissioners, Straits Settlements.	Rep. in part, XVII of 1863.
	XXVIII	Municipal Commissioners, Calcutta	Rep., Ben. Act VI of 1863.
	XXIX	Oaths by Registrars of Deeds ...	Rep., XVI of 1864.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1857 ...	I	Native Passenger Vessels ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Calcutta University.	
	III	Cattle-trespass	Rep., I of 1871.
	IV	Tobacco, Bombay Town ..	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	V	Oriental Gas Company.	
	VI	Acquisition of Land for Public Purposes	Rep., X of 1870.
	VII	Uncovenanted Agency, Madras	Rep. in part, XVII of 1862; X of 1873; XII of 1873.
	VIII	Courts Martial	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	IX	Repealing Act VI of 1856 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	X	Santhál Districts	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; and see XIV of 1874.
	XI	State Offences	Rep. in part, XVII of 1862.
	XII	Piratical Junks, Straits Settlements.	
	XIII	Opium, Bengal	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XIV	Military and State Offences ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Printing Presses	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVI	Heinous Offences	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Mutineers and Deserters ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVIII	Family, &c., of Nawáb of Carnatic	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIX	Joint Stock Companies ...	Rep. (except as to Table B, which is unrepealed as to Companies existing on 1st May 1866), X of 1866.
	XX	Amending Act IX of 1850 ...	Rep. locally, Bombay Act VI of 1864.
	XXI	Suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah	Rep. locally, Bengal Act VIII of 1868; Bengal Act II of 1866, sec. 52; in part, XVI of 1874; in part locally, Bengal Acts I and III of 1864.
	XXII	Bombay University.	
	XXIII	Volunteer Corps	Rep., XX of 1869.
	XXIV	Port-dues	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Forfeitures	Rep. in part, V of 1869; IX of 1871.
	XXVI	Ferries, Straits Settlements.	
	XXVII	Madras University.	
	XXVIII	Arms and Ammunition ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIX	Land Customs, Bombay ..	Rep. in part, XXIII of 1859; XI of 1869, sec. 2; XIV of 1870; XIII of 1871; XVI of 1874.
	XXX	Port-dues, Calcutta	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XXXI	Port-dues, Bombay-port ...	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XXXII	Native Articles of War ...	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	XXXIII	Foreigners	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIV	Sale of Gánja, Bombay ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXXV	Port-dues, Burmese Ports ...	Rep., XII of 1875.
1858 ...	I	Compulsory Labour, Madras ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	II	Katak Port-dues	Rep., XII of 1875.
	III	State Prisoners	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	IV	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	Escaped Convicts	Rep., XVII of 1860.
	VI	Impressment of Labour ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VII	Port-dues, Madras	Rep., Madras Act VII of 1867.
	VIII	Karáchi Port-dues	Rep., XII of 1875.
	IX	Cambay Gulf Port-dues ...	Rep., Bombay Act XI of 1866.
	X	Confiscation, &c., for Rebellion ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1858 ...	XI	Corporal Punishment ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Roads in Suburbs of Calcutta and Howrah	Rep. locally, Ben. Act III of 1864.
	XIII	Unlawful Possession of Arms ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Minors, Madras.	
	XV	Aden Port-dues	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XVI	Subordinate Criminal Court, Utakamand	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Cambay Gulf Light-dues ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVIII	Regulation of Ports, Madras ...	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XIX	Authentication of certain Stamped Paper	Rep., XVIII of 1869.
	XX	Dispossessed Landed Proprietors, N.-W. Provinces	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXI	Native Passenger Ships ...	Rep., XII of 1870.
	XXII	Transportation	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIII	Karnul, Madras	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XXIV	Family of Nawáb of Carnatic ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Municipal Commissioners, Bombay Town	Rep., Bombay Act II of 1865.
	XXVI	State Offences	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVII	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVIII	Police, Port of Madras ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXIX	Suits in Civil Courts, N.-W. Provinces ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXX	Nawáb of Carnatic	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Alluvial Land, Bengal ...	Rep. locally, XIX of 1873.
	XXXII	Tanjore	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XXXIII	Indian Navy	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIV	Lunacy, Supreme Courts ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXXV	Lunacy, Mofussil Courts ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXXVI	Lunatic Asylums	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXXVII	Nawáb of Carnatic	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXXVIII	Delhi Territory	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIX	Arrears of Land-revenue, Madras	Rep., Madras Act II of 1864, sec. 65.
	XL	Minors, Bengal	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; Bengal Act IV of 1870, sec. 86.
	XLI	Stamp-duties, Bengal ...	Rep., XVIII of 1869.
1859 ...	I	Merchant Seamen	Rep. in part, XV of 1863; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874; IV of 1875.
	II	Amending Act XXX of 1858 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Cantonment Joint Magistrates ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1864; XVI of 1874. „ locally, Madras Act I of 1866, sec. 9.
	IV	Removal of Prisoners ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	Ghátwálí Lands, Bírbhúm.	
	VI	Ahmadábád Magistracy ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	VII	Customs-duties	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	VIII	Civil Procedure	Rep. in part,— IV of 1860; XXXVI of 1860, sec. 13, cl. 4 XXIII of 1861; XXVI of 1867; VII of 1870; XIV of 1870; IX of 1871; „ locally, XXXII of 1871; VII of 1872. Suspended in part locally, XX of 1862, ss. 5, 10.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1859 ...	IX	Claims to Property seized as forfeited	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868.
	X	Recovery of Rent, Bengal ...	Rep. locally, XVIII of 1873, sec. 2. Bengal Act VIII of 1869, sec. 107; „ in part, XXXVI of 1860. VII of 1870; XIV of 1870; „ in part, locally,— XIV of 1863, sec. 5; XX of 1865, sec. 3; Bengal Act VI of 1862.
	XI	Sales of Land for Revenue-arrears, Lower Provinces ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; Bengal Act III of 1862; Bengal Act VII of 1868, sec. 29.
	XII	Pilots, Calcutta	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; X of 1873.
	XIII	Fraudulent Breaches of Contract by Workmen	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XIV	Limitation of Suits ...	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	XV	Patents	Rep. in part, XVIII of 1869.
	XVI	Nawáb of Carnatic ...	Rep., XXXVII of 1860.
	XVII	A'bkárí, Bombay Town ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XVIII	Magistrates and Justices of the Peace	Rep., X of 1875.
	XIX	Continuing Act XXVIII of 1857	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XX	Mápillas, Malabar ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870. Madras, Act VII of 1869.
	XXI	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXII	Amending Act I of 1852 ...	Rep., XIII of 1871.
	XXIII	Land Customs, Madras and Bombay	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXIV	Police, Madras	Rep. in part,— XVII of 1862; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXV	Native Passenger Vessels ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXVI	Continuing Act XXVIII of 1857	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVII	State Offences	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVIII	Foreigners	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1860 ...	I	Duty on Salt, N.-W. Provinces ...	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	II	Carriage of Passengers by Sea ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	III	Sessions Judges, Bengal ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	IV	Civil Procedure	Rep., XXIII of 1861.
	V	Cattle-trespass	Rep., I of 1871.
	VI	Native Articles of War ...	Rep., XXIX of 1861.
	VII	Joint Stock Banks	Rep., X of 1866, sec. 219.
	VIII	Electric Telegraphs ...	Rep. in part,— XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	IX	Disputes between Workmen and Employers	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	X	Customs-duties	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XI	Indigo Contracts	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Emigration to Saint Vincent ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XIII	Farakhábád Zila Court ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	King of Oudh.	
	XV	Calcutta Canals	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVI	Amending Act XIV of 1856 ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XVII	Escaped Convicts	Rep., V of 1871.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1860 ...	XVIII	Governor General	Rep. VIII of 1868.
	XIX	Port-dues	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XX	Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy.	
	XXI	Registration of Societies ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXII	Chittagong Hill-tracts ...	Rep. locally, XIV of 1874. Rep. in part, XVI of 1874; Ben. Act IV of 1863.
	XXIII	A'bkári, Bengal	Rep. locally, X of 1871; " in part, VI of 1863; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXIV	Marriages by Scotch Ministers ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXV	Port-dues, Bassein	Rep., XII of 1875.
	XXVI	Administrator General ...	Rep., XXIV of 1867.
	XXVII	Collection of Debts on Successions	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXVIII	Boundary-marks, Madras ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXIX	Continuing Act XXVIII of 1857	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXX	Kunch and Kálpi	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Arms Act	Rep. in part, VI of 1866; XIV of 1870; IX of 1871; XVI of 1874.
	XXXII	Income-tax	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIII	Emigration to Natal ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XXXIV	Indemnity for acts during Mutiny.	
	XXXV	Transportation of Convicts ...	Rep., XVII of 1862.
	XXXVI	Stamp Act	Rep., X of 1862.
	XXXVII	Repealing Act XVI of 1859 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXVIII	Nawáb of Carnatic ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIX	Income-tax	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XL	Amending Act XXXVI of 1860 ...	Rep., X of 1862.
	XLI	Emigration to Saint Kitts ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XLII	Small Cause Courts, Mofussil ...	Rep., XI of 1865, sec. 2.
	XLIII	Amending Act VIII of 1859 ...	Rep., XXIII of 1861.
	XLIV	Governor General	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XLV	Penal Code	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XXVII of 1870; XIX of 1872.
	XLVI	Emigration to French Colonies ...	Rep., VII of 1871.
	XLVII	University Degrees.	
	XLVIII	Amending Act XIII of 1856 ...	Rep. locally, Bengal Act IV of 1866, sec. 2; Madras Act VIII of 1867, sec. 81; " in part, III of 1863; XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874; " locally, in part, Bengal Act I of 1864, sec. 1; Bombay Act IX of 1867.
	XLIX	Emigration to British Colonies ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	L	Vacations in Civil Courts, Bengal	Rep., VI of 1871.
	LI	Amending Act XXXVI of 1860	Rep., X of 1862.
	LII	Amending Act XVIII of 1854.	
	LIII	Amending Act X of 1859 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
1861 ...	I	Supreme Court, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Amending Act VI of 1857 ..	Rep., X of 1870.
	III	Customs-duty, Cochin ...	Rep., XIII of 1871.
	IV	Port-dues, Calingapatam and Munsoorcottah	Rep., Madras Act VII of 1867.
	V	Police	Rep. in part, IX of 1871; XVI of 1874. " in part, locally, Bengal Act VII of 1869.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1861 ...	VI	Commencement of Penal Code ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VII	Salt-duty, Bombay	Rep., XXIV of 1869.
	VIII	Port-dues, Amherst ...	Rep., IX of 1864.
	IX	Minors.	
	X	Repealing Enactments relating to Civil Procedure	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XI	Amending Act XIV of 1859 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Amending Act XLII of 1860 ...	Rep., XI of 1865, sec. 2.
	XIII	Police	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIV	Rohilkhand	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; " locally, XIV of 1874.
	XV	Port-dues, Konkan Ports ...	Rep., Bombay Act XI of 1866.
	XVI	Stage-carriages	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XVII	Customs-duties, N. W. P. ...	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	XVIII	License-duty	Rep., II of 1862.
	XIX	Paper-currency	Rep., III of 1871.
	XX	Amending Act XXV of 1858 ...	Rep., Bombay Act II of 1865.
	XXI	Income-tax	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXII	Cattle-trespass	Rep., I of 1871.
	XXIII	Civil Procedure	Rep. in part, VII of 1870; XIV of 1870; IX of 1871.
	XXIV	Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay	Rep., III of 1871.
	XXV	Criminal Procedure	Rep., X of 1872.
	XXVI	Occupation of Land, Malacca.	
	XXVII	Andaman Islands	Rep., Reg. 4th September 1874.
	XXVIII	Merchant Seamen	Rep., XV of 1863.
	XXIX	Native Articles of War ...	Rep., V of 1869.
	XXX	Bengal Military Orphan Society ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Saltpetre Manufacture ...	Rep. locally, VIII of 1875.
	XXXII	Limitation	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXIII	Amending Schedule to Act XXV of 1861	Rep., VIII of 1869.
1862 ...	I	Continuing Act XXXIII of 1857	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	II	Repealing Act XVIII of 1861 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	III	Government Seal.	
	IV	Bank of Bengal	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	V	Payment at Presidency Banks ...	
	VI	Annexing Schedule to Act IV of 1862	
	VII	Amending Act XLVI of 1860 ...	Rep., VII of 1871.
	VIII	King of Oudh	Rep. in part, XIII of 1868.
	IX	Income-tax	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	X	Stamp-duties	Rep., VII of 1870.
	XI	Amending Act X of 1860 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XII	Repealing in part Act II of 1835	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIII	Silver and Copper Coinage ...	Rep., XXIII of 1870.
	XIV	Amending Act XIV of 1859 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Amending Code of Criminal Procedure	Rep., VIII of 1869.
	XVI	Income-tax	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XVII	Repealing Enactments relating to Criminal Law	Rep., X of 1872.
	XVIII	Criminal Procedure, Supreme Courts	Rep. in part, XII of 1867; X of 1875. Rep. locally, XXV of 1863.
	XIX	Contraband Salt, Oudh ...	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	XX	Presidency High Courts ...	Rep. in part, XV of 1868; VII of 1870; XIV of 1870.
	XXI	Subordinate Medical Officers, Widows and Orphans' Fund ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXII	Emigration to Seychelles ...	Rep., XIII of 1864.
	XXIII	Customs-duties	Rep., XIV of 1870.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1862 ...	XXIV	Continuing Act XX of 1862 ...	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868.
1863 ...	I	Civil Courts, Burma ...	Rep., VII of 1872.
	II	Appeals to Queen in Council ...	Rep., VI of 1874.
	III	Police, Straits Settlements.	
	IV	Effectuating Treaty with Burma	Rep. in part, XIII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	V	Amending Act XXIX of 1861 ...	Rep., V of 1869.
	VI	Sea-customs	Rep. in part, XVII of 1867; sec. 3. XX of 1867; X of 1868. XVII of 1869; XIV of 1870. IX of 1871.
	VII	Emigration to Saint Croix ...	Rep., XIII of 1874.
	VIII	Confinement of Prisoners sentenced by Courts	Rep., V of 1871.
	IX	Amending Code of Civil Procedure.	
	X	Darjeeling ...	Rep., XIX of 1867.
	XI	Peons for Service of Process ...	Rep., VII of 1870.
	XII	Mahoba and Jeitpur ...	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XIII	Imprisonment of Convicts, Bombay Town.	
	XIV	Amending Act X of 1859 in N. W. Provinces	Rep. XVIII of 1873. Rep. in part locally, VIII of 1873
	XV	Merchant Seamen	Rep., IV of 1875.
	XVI	Excise on Spirits used exclusively in Manufactures.	
	XVII	Municipal Commissioners, Straits Settlements.	
	XVIII	Master in Equity: Process of High Courts	Rep. in part, VIII of 1868; X of 1873; XII of 1873.
	XIX	Partition of Revenue-paying Estates	Rep. locally, XIX of 1873; „ in part, XIV of 1870.
	XX	Religious Endowments ...	Rep., in part, VII of 1870; XIV of 1870 XVI of 1874.
	XXI	Recorders' Courts, Burma ...	Rep., VII of 1872.
	XXII	Acquisition of Land for certain Works of Public Utility ...	Rep., X of 1870.
	XXIII	Claims to Waste-lands ...	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	XXIV	Burma Courts	Rep., VII of 1872.
	XXV	Imprisonment of Convicts, Calcutta	Rep., XII of 1867.
	XXVI	Customs-duties	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVII	Income-tax	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVIII	Stamp-duties, Straits Settlements.	
	XXIX	Receipts of Presidency Banks.	
	XXX	Claims against Native Government of Oudh	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXXI	Official Gazette.	
	XXXII	Continuing Act XX of 1862 ...	Rep. in part, VII of 1870.
1864 ...	I	Purwá and Khadí	Rep., XV of 1874.
	II	Aden.	
	III	Foreigners.	
	IV	Small Cause Court, Karáchi ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	V	Extension of Civil Procedure Code to Sindh	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	VI	Whipping	Rep. in part, X of 1872; XVI of 1874.
	VII	Salt, Central Provinces ...	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	VIII	Comptoir d'Escompte of Paris.	
	IX	Repealing Act VIII of 1861 ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	X	A'bkári, Bengal	Rep., X of 1871.
	XI	Native Law Officers... ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1864 ...	XII	Effectuating Act IV of 1863 ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XIII	Emigration of Native Labourers ...	Rep., VII of 1871.
	XIV	Joint Judge of the Konkan ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XV	Tolls on Public Roads and Bridges.	
	XVI	Registration of Assurances ...	Rep., XX of 1866, sec. 3.
	XVII	Official Trustee	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XVIII	Municipal Committee, Lakhnau...	Rep., XV of 1873.
	XIX	Mirzápur	Rep. (except in Scheduled Districts), XIV of 1874. Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XX	Minors, Bombay.	
	XXI	Police Magistrates.	
	XXII	Military Cantonments ...	Rep., in part, XIV of 1870; VIII of 1871.
	XXIII	Customs-duties	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIV	Non-Regulation Districts, N.-W. Provinces	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XXV	Marriage of Christians ...	Rep., V of 1865.
	XXVI	Small Cause Courts, Presidency Towns	Rep. in part, I of 1875.
	XXVII	Justices of the Peace ..	Rep., II of 1869.
	XXVIII	A'bkárí...	Rep., X of 1871.
1865 ...	I	Extension of Enactments to Non-Regulation Provinces ...	Rep., XV of 1874.
	II	Rural Police, N.-W. Provinces ...	Rep., III of 1869.
	III	Common Carriers.	
	IV	Administrator General ...	Rep., XXIV of 1867.
	V	Marriage of Christians ...	Rep. (except as to Straits) XV of 1872.
	VI	Continuing Arms Act ...	Rep., VI of 1866.
	VII	Government Forests	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	VIII	Validating Imprisonment of certain Persons	Rep., V of 1871.
	IX	Registration of Assurances ...	Rep., XX of 1866, sec. 3.
	X	Intestate and Testamentary Succession	Rep. in part, XXIV of 1867; VII of 1870.
	XI	Small Cause Courts, Mofussil ...	Rep. in part, VII of 1870; XIV of 1870.
	XII	Prisoners in Calcutta ...	Rep., XII of 1867.
	XIII	Criminal Procedure, High Courts...	Rep., X of 1875.
	XIV	Civil Courts, Central Provinces	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XXXII of 1871.
	XV	Pársí Marriages and Divorces ...	Rep. in part, VII of 1870; XIV of 1870.
	XVI	Revenue Courts, Oudh ...	Rep., XXXII of 1871.
	XVII	Customs-duties	Rep., XXV of 1865.
	XVIII	Stamp-duties	Rep., VII of 1870.
	XIX	Panjáb Courts	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XIV of 1875.
	XX	Pleaders and Mukhtárs ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXI	Intestate Succession, Pársís.	
	XXII	Amending Act XVIII of 1864 ...	Rep., XV of 1873.
	XXIII	Panjáb Chief Court ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXIV	Warrants of Attorney and Cognovits	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XXV	Customs-duties.	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXVI	Amending Native Articles of War	Rep., V of 1869.
	XXVII	Civil Appeals, Panjáb ...	Rep., IV of 1866, sec. 52.
	XXVIII	Insolvent Traders, Bombay ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XXIX	Amending Pleaders Act, 1865.	
	XXX	Madras Irrigation Company ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
1866 ...	I	Government Paper Currency ...	Rep., III of 1871.
	II	Rural Police, N.-W. Provinces ...	Rep., III of 1869.
	III	Registrars, Recorders' Courts, Burma	Rep., VII of 1872.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1866 ...	IV	Chief Court, Panjáb ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; X of 1873; X of 1875.
	V	Bills of Exchange: Commercial Law	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; IX of 1871; Schedule 2 No. 5. IX of 1872.
	VI	Continuing Arms Act.	
	VII	Extending Act XXIII of 1840 to Straits Settlements.	
	VIII	Criminal Procedure	Rep., VIII of 1869.
	IX	Extending Pleaders Act to Sadr Court., N.-W. Provinces.	
	X	Trading Companies	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XI	Repealing Act IV of 1855 ...	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XII	Private Water-courses ...	Rep. locally, XXX of 1871; VIII of 1873.
	XIII	Limitation of certain Suits, Oudh	Rep., XXXII of 1871.
	XIV	Post Office	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XV	Partnership	Rep., IX of 1872.
	XVI	Signing Commissions under Act XIII of 1865	Rep., X of 1875.
	XVII	Indian Museum, Calcutta.	
	XVIII	Customs-duty on Saltpetre ...	Rep., VIII of 1868.
	XIX	Salt, Madras	Rep., XXIV of 1869.
	XX	Registration of Assurances ...	Rep., VIII of 1871.
	XXI	Dissolution of Native Converts' Marriages	Rep. in part, VII of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXII	Extending Marriage Act ...	Rep., XV of 1872.
	XXIII	Correcting Bombay High Court Letters Patent.	
	XXIV	Procedure of High Court, N.-W. Provinces	Rep. in part, X of 1875.
	XXV	Transfer of certain Securities to Government	Rep. in part, XXIV of 1867; XVI of 1874.
	XXVI	Subordinate Proprietors, Oudh ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXVII	Conveyance of Property vested in Mortgagees and Trustees ..	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXVIII	Powers of Mortgagees and Trustees	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXIX	Court of Requests, Straits Settlements.	
	XXX	Excise Revenue, Straits Settlements	
1867 ...	I	Ganges Tolls.	
	II	Removal of Prisoners ...	Rep., V of 1871.
	III	Public Gambling	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	IV	Meaning of "Offence" ...	Rep., XXVII of 1870.
	V	Extending Penal Code to Straits Settlements.	
	VI	Limits of Districts, Panjáb.	
	VII	Purchasing Arms, &c., from Soldiers.	
	VIII	Horse-racing	Rep., IX of 1872.
	IX	Comptoir d' Escompte of Paris.	
	X	References by Mofussil Small Cause Courts.	
	XI	Oriental Gas Company.	
	XII	Custody of Prisoners, Presidency Towns	Rep., V of 1871.
	XIII	Burma Coast-lights ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874, XII of 1875.
	XIV	Pándhari-tax, Central Provinces...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XV	Municipal Committees, Panjáb, Oudh, Central Provinces ...	Rep. as to Panjáb, IV of 1873; Oudh, XV of 1873, sec. 2; Cent. Prov., XI of 1873, sec. 2.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1867 ...	XVI	Acting Judges.	
	XVII	Customs-duties	Rep., XVII of 1870.
	XVIII	Jhánsí Courts	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Darjeeling	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XX	Transhipment of certain Goods ...	Rep., VI of 1873.
	XXI	Licensing Professions and Trades ..	Rep., IX of 1868.
	XXII	Saráis and Puraos.	
	XXIII	Murderous Outrages, Panjáb ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXIV	Administrator General ...	Rep., II of 1874.
	XXV	Printing Presses and Books ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XXVI	Stamp-duties	Rep. in part, VII of 1870.
	XXVII	Deputy Commissioners ...	Rep. locally, XXXII of 1871.
	XXVIII	Petty Sessions Courts, N.-W. Provinces	Rep., X of 1872.
	XXIX	Amending Act XXI of 1867 ...	Rep., IX of 1868.
	XXX	Paper Currency	Rep., III of 1871.
	XXXI	Certain Offences of Railway Servants.	
	XXXII	Chief Commissioners' Powers.	
	XXXIII	Amending Act XXXI of 1861 ...	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	XXXIV	Local Repeal of Act XIX of 1866	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XXXV	Financial Commissioner, Panjáb...	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XXXVI	Correcting Act XVII of 1862 ...	Rep., X of 1872.
	XXXVII	Appeals, Oudh	Rep., XI of 1871.
1868 ...	I	General Clauses	Rep. in part, I of 1872.
	II	Pepper exported from Cochin ...	Rep., XIII of 1871.
	III	Powers of Assistant Commissioner, Panjáb.	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	IV	Exempting certain Bombay Villages from General Regulations..	Rep. (except in Scheduled Districts), XIV of 1874.
	V	Commissioner in Sindh.	
	VI	Municipalities, N.-W. Provinces...	Rep., XV of 1873.
	VII	Appeals and Reviews, Panjáb ...	Rep., IX of 1873.
	VIII	Repealing Obsolete Enactments ...	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	IX	Taxing Professions and Trades ...	Rep., IX of 1869.
	X	Amending Consolidated Customs Act.	
	XI	Exempting Timber from Import-duty.	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XII	Power to suspend Act XI of 1841, s. 17.	
	XIII	King of Oudh	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XIV	Contagious Diseases ...	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	XV	Stamps, High Courts ...	Rep., VII of 1870.
	XVI	P. S. Amíns, &c., Bengal ...	Rep., VI of 1871.
	XVII	Failure of Bank of Bombay ...	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XVIII	Small Cause Jurisdiction, Nílgiris	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Rent, Oudh	Rep. in part, VII of 1870; XIV of 1870. Words substituted, XI of 1871, sec. 3. XXXII of 1871, sec. 40.
	XX	Duties in Lakhnau	Rep., XIV of 1870.
	XXI	Nawáb of Carnatic.	
	XXII	Mauza Kheria	Rep., XV of 1874.
	XXIII	A'bkári, British Burma ...	Rep., X of 1871.
	XXIV	Inoculation, Kúmaon and Garhwál.	
	XXV	Coorg Courts	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XXVI	Municipal Lock-Hospitals.	
	XXVII	Registration	Rep., VIII of 1871.
	XXVIII	Tenancy, Panjáb	Rep. in part, VII of 1870; XIV of 1870.
1869 ...	I	Taluqdárs, Oudh.	
	II	Justices of the Peace ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; X of 1873.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1869 ...	III	Rural Police, N.-W. Provinces ...	Rep., XVI of 1873.
	IV	Divorce	Rep. in part, VII of 1870; XII of 1873.
	V	Native Articles of War ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	VI	Emigration	Rep., VII of 1871.
	VII	Forests, British Burma ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XIII of 1873.
	VIII	Criminal Procedure	Rep., X of 1872.
	IX	Income-tax	Rep., XVI of 1870.
	X	Police Superannuation Funds ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XI	Land Customs, Madras and Bombay.	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XII	Customs-duties	Rep., XVII of 1870.
	XIII	Procedure of High Court, N.-W. Provinces	Rep. in part, X of 1875.
	XIV	Civil Courts, Bombay ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870.
	XV	Evidence of Prisoners ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874. in part, locally VII of 1872, sec. 78.
	XVI	Bhután Dvárs	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVII	Landing Cargo.	
	XVIII	Stamp-duties	Rep. in part, VII of 1870, sec. 34. XIV of 1870; XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Administrator General ...	Rep., II of 1874.
	XX	Volunteers	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; IX of 1871. XVI of 1874.
	XXI	European Vagraney	Rep., IX of 1874.
	XXII	Gáro Hills	Rep. (except as to Scheduled Districts), XIV of 1874.
	XXIII	Income-tax	Rep., XVI of 1870.
	XXIV	Salt, Madras and Bombay ...	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XIII of 1871; XI of 1875.
	XXV	Salt, N. W. Provinces, Panjáb, &c.	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	XXVI	Correcting Act VIII of 1863 ...	Rep., V of 1871.
1870 ...	I	Quarantine Rules.	
	II	Subordinate Judges and Munsifs, Bengal	Rep., VI of 1871.
	III	Agror Valley	Rep., IV of 1872.
	IV	Appeals to Assistant Commissioner, Kulu	Rep., V of 1874.
	V	Costs of certain Petitions ...	Rep. in part, II of 1874; XVI of 1874.
	VI	Fees for Registration of Emigrants	Rep., VII of 1871.
	VII	Court-fees	Rep. in part, XIV of 1870; XVI of 1870; XX of 1870; VIII of 1871; XV of 1872.
	VIII	Murder of Female Infants.	
	IX	Elphinstone Land Company ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	X	Acquisition of Land for Public Purposes	Rep. in part, IX of 1871.
	XI	Weights and Measures ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XII	Native Passenger Ships ...	Rep. in part, XII of 1872.
	XIII	State Railways.	
	XIV	Repealing Obsolete Enactments ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XV	Paper-currency	Rep., III of 1871.
	XVI	Income-tax	Rep., XII of 1871.
	XVII	Customs-duties	Rep., XIII of 1871.
	XVIII	Power to exempt from Customs-duties.	
	XIX	Bank of Bengal.	
	XX	Amending Court-fees Act.	

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1870 ...	XXI	Wills of Hindús, &c.	
	XXII	European British Subjects	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874; X of 1875.
	XXIII	Coinage and the Mint ...	Rep. in part, XII of 1873.
	XXIV	Relief of Oudh Taluqdárs.	
	XXV	Timber-duty, Maulmain ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXVI	Prisons	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	XXVII	Amending Penal Code ...	Rep. in part, X of 1872.
	XXVIII	Commitments from Andamans ...	Rep. in part, XII of 1873.
1871 ...	I	Cattle-trespass	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	II	Extending Prisons Act to Coorg	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	III	Paper Currency	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	IV	Coroners...	Rep. in part, IX of 1871; X of 1873; XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	V	Prisoners	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	VI	Civil Courts, Bengal ...	Rep. in part, X of 1873; XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	VII	Emigration	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VIII	Registration of Documents.	
	IX	Limitation	Rep. in part, XII of 1873;
	X	Excise, Northern India, Burma, Coorg	Rep. in part, XII of 1873. XVI of 1874. Rep. in part, locally, XXVI of 1872.
	XI	Financial Commissioner, Oudh ...	Rep., XXXII of 1871.
	XII	Income-tax	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XIII	Customs duties	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	XIV	Amending Consolidated Customs Act.	
	XV	Relief of Broach Thákurs.	
	XVI	Survey of Steamers, Burma ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVII	Rates on Land, Oudh ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVIII	Rates on Land, N. W. Provinces	Rep. in part, XVIII of 1873, sec. 2, XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Sessions Judges, Bengal and N.W.P.	Rep. in part, X of 1872.
	XX	Rates on land, Panjáb ...	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	XXI	Dehra Dún	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXII	Chaukidárs, N. W. Provinces.	
	XXIII	Pensions.	
	XXIV	Local Public Works Loans ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXV	Amending Railway Act ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXVI	Advances for Agricultural Improvements	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	XXVII	Criminal Tribes and Eunuchs ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXVIII	European Vagrants	Rep., IX of 1874.
	XXIX	Repealing Bengal Regulations ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXX	Canals and Drainage, Panjáb ...	Rep., VIII of 1873.
	XXXI	Weights and Measures.	
	XXXII	Civil Courts, Oudh	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXXIII	Land Revenue, Panjáb ...	Rep. in part, XII of 1873.
1872 ...	I	Evidence.	Rep. in part, XVIII of 1872.
	II	Reviving Act XV of 1867 ...	Rep., IV of 1873.
	III	Marriage	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	IV	Laws, Panjáb	Rep. in part, XV of 1875.
	V	Sindh	
	VI	Oaths and affirmations ...	Rep., X of 1873.
	VII	Courts, British Burma.	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VIII	Income-tax	Rep., XVI of 1874.

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1872 ...	IX	Contract Law.	
	X	Criminal Procedure ...	Rep. in part, XI of 1874; XVI of 1874.
	XI	Extradition	Rep. in part, XII of 1873, XVI of 1874.
	XII	Native Passenger Ships.	
	XIII	Patterns and Designs ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XIV	Exempting Straits Settlements from Emigration Act.	
	XV	Marriage of Christians ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVI	Spirit-duty, Burma.	
	XVII	Postponing commencement of Code of Criminal Procedure ...	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XVIII	Amending Evidence Act ...	Rep. in part, X of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	XIX	Definition of 'Coin', Penal Code.	
	XX	Amending Act V of 1872.	
	XXI	Lunatic Sepoys	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XXII	Amending Act X of 1859 ...	Rep., XVIII of 1873.
	XXIII	Re-importation of certain goods cleared at Rangoon.	
	XXIV	Repealing Bombay Reg. XIII., 1827, s. 34, cl. 9	Rep., XII of 1873.
	XXV	Salt, Panjáb	Rep., VIII of 1875.
	XXVI	Opium, Panjáb.	
	XXVII	Criminal Procedure Code, Sindh...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
1873 ...	I	Burma Courts	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	II	Burma Ferries	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	III	Civil Courts, Madras ...	Rep. in part, XII of 1873.
	IV	Municipalities, Panjáb ...	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	V	Savings Banks	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	VI	Transhipment of Goods ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VII	Port-dues, Burma	Rep., XII of 1875.
	VIII	Canals and Drainage, Northern India	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	IX	Appeals, Panjáb	Rep. in part, XII of 1873; XVI of 1874.
	X	Oaths	Rep. in part, XII of 1873.
	XI	Municipalities, Central Provinces...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XII	Obsolete Enactments Repeal ...	Rep., XVI of 1874.
	XIII	Timber, British Burma ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XIV	Lunatic Soldiers' Property ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XV	Municipalities, N. W. Provinces and Oudh	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVI	Village and Road Police, N. W. Provinces	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	XVII	Nawáb Názim's Debts.	
	XVIII	Rent, N.-W. Provinces.	
	XIX	Land-Revenue, N. W. Provinces.	
	XX	Prince of Arcot.	
1874 ...	I	Quieting titles, N. W. Provinces	
	II	Administrator General.	
	III	Married Women's Property.	
	IV	Foreign Recruiting.	
	V	Appeals to Assistant Commissioner, Kulu	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VI	Appeals to Judicial Committee ...	Rep. in part, XVI of 1874.
	VII	Municipalities, British Burma.	
	VIII	Exercise of Powers in Assam.	
	IX	European Vagrancy.	
	X	Salt: Ganjám, Orissa ...	Rep. in part, VIII of 1875.
	XI	Amending Code of Criminal Procedure.	

Chronological Table of Acts of Governor General in Council.

Year.	Number.	Subject-matter.	How repealed or otherwise determined.
1874 ...	XII	Exercise of Powers in Sylhet.	
	XIII	European British Minors.	
	XIV	Scheduled Districts.	
	XV	Local Extent of certain Enactments	Rep. in part, VIII of 1875. XI of 1875.
	XVI	Obsolete Enactments Repeal ...	Rep. in part, III of 1875.
1875 ...	I	Distresses, Presidency Towns.	
	II	Law Reports.	
	III	Correcting Act XVI of 1874.	
	IV	Merchant Shipping.	
	V	Unattested Sepoys.	
	VI	Loan to Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy.	
	VII	Fisheries, Burma.	
	VIII	Inland Customs.	
	IX	Majority.	
	X	Criminal Procedure, High Courts.	
	XI	Salt, Madras.	
	XII	Ports and Port-dues.	
	XIII	Probates and Letters of Administration.	
	XIV	Panjáb Judicial Administration.	
	XV	Amending Panjáb Laws Act.	

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 29TH JULY 1875.

GENERAL REMARKS.—In Malabar and the Northern districts of Madras good rain has fallen: in the South-Eastern Districts none. In Bombay the rainfall is general and plentiful, except in Ahmednuggur and Kaladgi. There has been rain in Sind, and the river is sufficiently high. The rains continue to be abundant throughout the Central Provinces, Berar, Central India and Rajputana. In Bengal the fall has been general, but in several districts of the Rajshahi, Bhágalpur and Patna Divisions insufficient, and in these fears are entertained for the safety of the main rice crop if more does not soon come. The rains are now general in the North-West Provinces and Oudh, and prospects are good. In the Punjab none has fallen in the Jullunder, Lahore, Mooltan and Dera Ismail Khan Districts: elsewhere prospects are satisfactory. Accounts are good from Assam and Mysore.

Presidency or Province and District.		Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—			
Kistna	(July 29th)	...	Heavy rain last night, ·84 at Masulipatam, none in Palnad, about one inch elsewhere; heavy fresh of 15 feet water over anicut; tanks full; canal supply sufficient; early dry crops being sown; markets well supplied; prices steady; mild dysentery and small-pox prevalent; cattle generally healthy; pasture good and improving.
Kurnool	(28th)	1·1 in four days.	Rain good also in the taluks; sowing of early crops continues; markets supplied; prices rising in Ramulkota and Nandial; stationary elsewhere; water and pasture sufficient; cattle disease in Markapur; fever prevalent; 3·5 feet water over Sunkesala anicut yesterday.
Tanjore	(29th)	*Nil*	Rivers rising; tanks, upland, almost empty; water over upper anicut, north branch 1 foot 6 inches, south 2 feet 7 inches; over lower anicut, north branch 4 feet 1 inch, south 4 feet 10 inches; wet cultivation general over delta; also a few dry crops; standing crops very few; in upland parts withering; harvest none; markets well supplied; prices almost stationary; cholera abating, 1,406 deaths this week against 1,624 last; cattle disease in parts, some loss; pasture scanty.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—*continued.*		
Trichinopoly (July 28th)	...	Cholera decreasing in town, much the same in taluks; no rain; good freshes in river.
Malabar (29th)	6·92	Rain favorable for cultivation; transplanting first crop completed; markets well supplied; some cases of cholera in Calicut taluk; small-pox and fever slight; cattle healthy; pasture flourishing.
		General Remarks.—General prospects satisfactory.
Bombay— (July 29th)		
Sindh (28th)		
Kurrachee „	...	River high; rain general, more expected; rice in Sehwan and Dadir talukas injured by floods from hill torrents.
Shikarpur „	...	River 14 feet 3 inches, 2 inches over last year; kharif progressing fairly; slight fever prevalent.
Hyderabad „	...	River at good height; canals well supplied; considerable mortality among cattle in Tanda division during late heavy rain, also much damage to buildings, bunds, &c.; some loss in rice cultivation from rain floods.
Upper Sind Frontier „	...	Weather extremely hot and sultry; canals full; bund breached, no danger from breaches.
Gujarat.		
Ahmedabad (July 28th)	1·33	Total rainfall 9·62; prospects everywhere favorable.
Kaira „	4·40	Total rainfall 17·2; cholera cases 23, deaths 13.
Surat „	1·82	Total rainfall 27·71.
Broach „	2·96	Total rainfall 35·73; cholera slight; cotton injured in four talukas by rain; agricultural prospects good.
Khandesh and Nasik.		
Khandesh (July 28th)	1·88 at Dhulia.	Total rainfall 9·9 inches; sowing of kharif crops excepting bajari nearly completed; cotton plants healthy; cholera continues, 1,238 cases, 551 deaths.
Nasik „	4·66	Total rainfall 22·2 inches, fall general; agricultural prospects good; cholera slightly at Nasik and in talukas; for total rainfall 13·4 inches in last report read 17·36.
Konkan.		
Tanna (July 28th)	8·20	Total rainfall 60·89 inches; transplantation of crops in progress; cholera in eight talukas.
Deccan.		
Poona (July 28th)	4·88	Total rainfall 24·19 inches; sowing in progress wherever rain has fallen; cholera continues.
Ahmednuggur „	1·1	Total rainfall 3·31 inches; sowing operations progressing; cholera decreasing except in three talukas.
Sholapur „	1·25	Total 8·35 inches; cholera continues.
Satara „	10·57	Total 23·60 inches; kharif crops thriving; in Malwa crops suffering from excessive rain; in Khatan more wanted; slight cholera throughout district excepting Patan and Khatan.
Southern Mahratta Country.		
Belgaum (July 28th)	11·32	Total rainfall 40·93 inches; damage by floods in Chikori.
Dharwar „	2·47	Total rainfall 19·52 inches; kharif crops good; sowing of jowari retarded owing to excessive rain.
Kanara „	12·	Total rainfall 70 inches; crops good.
Kaladgi „	·80	Total rainfall 8·33 inches; sowings partially impeded for want of rain.
Kathiawar and Gaekwar's Territory.		
Rajkot (July 28th)	1·69	Total rainfall 5·70 inches; sowing operations over; cholera appeared at Bhavnagar and Wala not of virulent type.
Wudwan „	·94	Total rainfall 8·16 inches; crops good; cholera in Limri.
		General Remarks.—Prospects generally excellent, but deficient rainfall in Ahmednuggur and a few other tracts; river risen in Sindh to a satisfactory height.
Bengal—		
Chittagong (July 29th)	3·91	
Noakhally „	2·44	
Tipperah „	6·86	
Chittagong Hill Tracts „	·18	
Hill Tipperah „	1·01	
Backergunge „	2·23	
Fureedpore „	1·18	General health good.
Dacca „	1·95	
Mymensingh „	·62	
24-Pergunnahs „	1·72	Fever and cholera decreasing at Barripore, two cases of small-pox reported from Satkhirah.
Nuddea „	2·03	Public health good.
Jessore „	·44	
Pubna „	·51	Fever of a mild type prevails in Pubna.
Moorshedabad „	·46	Cholera still lingers in the stations of Gorabazar and Soejaganj, and there were 11 deaths reported during the week.
Rajshahye „	·85	No sickness reported.
Bogra „	·24	
Maldah „	·53	
Dinagepore „	1·06	
Rungpore „	1·50	

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bengal—*continued.*		
Cooch Behar (July 29th)	1·07	
Jalpaiguri "	8·58	A few cases of endemic cholera at Jalpaiguri itself; there is less than before in the district.
Darjeeling "	9·07	
Midnapore "	1·34	
Howrah "	·91	
Burdwan "	·16	Fever decreasing.
Bankoora "	1·18	
Beerbhoom "	1·73	
Sonthal Pergunnahs "	1·21	
Bhágalpur "	·12	General health good.
Purneah "	·79	
Mozufferpore "	1·35	
Sarun "	...	General health is good; a little cholera still about in Sewan.
Chumparun "	·58	
Patna "	·47	Health generally good.
Gya "	·37	Cholera is still bad in the west of the district and not wholly disappeared in some other places.
Shahabad "	·62	
Hazáribágh "	·91	Health good.
Lohardugga "	1·88	Cholera prevalent at Palamow, and a few cases of small-pox are still reported.
Maunbhoom "	1·58	
Singbhoom "	3·05	A few cases of cholera have been reported from Dhulboom.
Balasore "	...	Cases of cholera are frequent and severe.
Cuttack "	12·43	Cholera has rather increased.
Pooree "	9·14	Cholera still lingers in the city; cattle disease is bad in Hattya.
		General Remarks.—During the week under review rain is reported to have fallen in almost all districts, but the fall has been insufficient in all the Rajshahye and most districts of the Cooch Behar, Patna and Bhágulpur Divisions; more rain is also wanted in half of the districts of the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions, and in parts of the districts of Mymensingh and Maunbhoom. Transplantation has stopped in many places for want of water, and serious consequences may be apprehended as to the fate of the main rice crops in most of these districts, unless rain falls copiously within a short time. Early or aus rice is being harvested in some of the districts of the Presidency, Rajshahye and Dacca divisions. In Dinagepore half of this crop has been destroyed by the drought, and unless rain falls within a day or two the entire crop will be lost. In Behar the prospects of the bhadoi crops still continue good except in Purneah and Bhágalpur; elsewhere the general prospect is favourable.
N. W. P.—		
Benares (July 28th)	A.	Average rainfall 1·6; more rain wanted for the rice.
Mirzapur "	From 1·5 to 5·5	More rain wanted in Robertsganj; prospects favourable.
Azimgurh "	1·4 at head-quarters.	More rain needed in the interior for the rice.
Allahabad "	...	Average rainfall 3·50; prospects good save in north.
Cawnpore "	...	Beneficial rain everywhere; prospects good.
Hamirpur (29th)	From 1· to 6·6	Prospects good.
Jhansi (27th)	...	The rice wants rain, but the general prospects are good.
Agra (28th)	...	Timely rainfall of 3 to 35 tenths doing great good.
Meerut "	From ·7 to 1·7	Ploughing now general.
Moradabad "	...	Ample general rains; sowings secured; weather favourable.
Bareilly "	9·4 at head-quarters.	General and sufficient rainfall.
Punjab—		
Delhi (July 28th)	1·3	Sowing in progress; a few cases of cholera in Delhi city.
Hissar "	1·9	More rain expected; weather cloudy; very little barani cultivation in Hissar and Rohtak owing to continued drought; sowing and ploughing in few villages of Sirsa district; cholera abating in Rohtak and health generally good.
Umballa "	·5	More rain wanted to complete kharif sowing; cholera still prevails.
Jullundur "	*Nil*	Ploughing and sowing in progress; rain wanted; health good.
Lahore "	*Nil*	Health and agricultural prospects good.
Rawal Pindi "	1·	Prospects and health good.
Mooltan "	*Nil*	Weather cloudy; health good.
Dera Ismail Khan "	...	Health good.
Peshawur "	1·7	Sowing in progress; cattle disease has disappeared; slight fever prevailing and cases of small-pox in three tahsils.
		General Remarks.—Though cholera still prevails in certain localities, health throughout the province is generally good. Agricultural prospects on the whole good, but more rain required.
Oudh—		
Lucknow (July 28th)	4·7	Public health good; prices stationary; rainfall general; prospects of kharif favourable.
Sitapur "	Rainfall not reported.	
Fyzabad "	·2	

Presidency or Province and District.		Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Central Provinces—			
Sambalpur	(July 24th)	6·88	Rice sowing completed; prospects good; cholera in a few villages on the Bilaspur frontier.
Bilaspur	"	4·66	Prospects favorable; cholera prevalent; prices easy.
Raipur	(26th)	11·50	Heavy continuous rain has damaged lowland rice; cholera decreasing; prices easy.
Chanda	"	7·33	Transplanting rice continues; prices easy.
Chhindwara	"	2·57	Crops look well; health good; prices steady.
Balaghât	(26th)	8·90	Heavy continuous rain; transplanting rice continues; health good; prices steady.
Bhandara	(27th)	8·90	Rice crops doing well; jowar suffered from excessive rain; small-pox and fever continue; cholera decreasing; prices easy.
Nagpur	(28th)	7·61	Rain heavy for crops sown; cholera in places; prices risen.
Wardha	"	4·85	Sowings continue; five deaths from cholera.
Nimar	"	2·76	115 cholera cases, 71 fatal; prices rising.
Narsinghpur	"	3·	Sowings completed; six deaths from cholera.
Jubbulpore	"	4·95	Health good.
Sangor	"	7·47	Crops flourishing; health good: prices rising.
Seoni	"	5·30	Sowings continue; health good.
			General Remarks.—In Nagpore, Bhandara and Raipur there has been excess of rain and a break is wanted; elsewhere prospects continue good.
Mysore and Coorg—			
Mysore	(July 29th)	·03 in Bangalore Cantonment	Fever abated in Coorg; cholera shown itself in Mysore District; 8 fatal cases from 14th to 28th.
Coorg	"	12·30	*General Remarks.*—Agricultural prospects fair.
Assam—			
Gauhati	(July 29th)	2·50	Irregular rain, hot and sultry, chiefly in mornings; asu almost reaped; good outturn; prospects of all crops, as also tea, favorable; public health good; cattle disease on the decrease.
Sylhet	"	7·33	Fieldwork progresses; prices steady.
Hyderabad Assigned Districts—			
Umraoti	(July 29th)	1·90	Cholera still prevalent though decreasing in some places during present week; of 3,752 attacked 1,853 died; agricultural prospects good.
Rajpootana—			
Sirohi	(July 26th)	·25	Tanks and wells fairly filled; health good; prospects fair; seasonable weather so far.
Aboo	(29th)	4·3	Total rainfall up to date 57·6.
Meywar	(23rd)	4·50	Tanks and wells in good supply; constant showers; health and prospects good.
Marwar	(24th)	·47	Three months' supply in city tanks; wells rising daily; health good; prospects promising.
Ulwar	(28th)	3·4	Temperature 89°; crop prospects favorable; cholera prevalent but declining.
Harowtee States.			
Deolee	(July 24th)	·7	Cholera almost left Kota, hanging about Tonk.
Tonk	"	·5	
Kota	"	2·7	
Jhallawar	"	4·2	
Shahpoora	"	1·2	
Jeypore	(29th)	5·50	Sowing completed; favorable weather; health good.
Ajmere	"	...	Weather cloudy and sultry till 28th when rain fell; health good.
Baurtpore	"	...	Slight showers during the week, more expected; ploughing general; cholera not yet disappeared.
Central India—			
Indore	(July 28th)	4·46	Rain has been generally heavy in Malwa and Baghelkhund during past week; cholera has re-appeared in several places.
Gwalior	"	·62	
Neemuch	"	3·50	
Rutlam	"	5·94	
Baghelkhund	"	5·70	
Sutna	"		
Nepal—	(July 21st)	0·95	More rain wanted.

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Act of Parliament 24 & 25 Vic., Cap. 67.

The Council met at Simla on Thursday, the 29th July 1875.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, G. M. S. I., *presiding*.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, G. C. B., G. C. S. I.

Major-General the Hon'ble Sir H. W. Norman, K. C. B.

The Hon'ble Arthur Hobhouse, Q. C.

The Hon'ble Sir W. Muir, K. C. S. I.

The Hon'ble Ashley Eden, C. S. I.

The Hon'ble Sir A. J. Arbuthnot, K. C. S. I.

Colonel the Hon'ble Sir Andrew Clarke, R. E., K. C. M. G., C. B.

The Hon'ble Sir Douglas Forsyth, K.C.S.I.

The Hon'ble T. C. Hope.

LAW REPORTS BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE moved for leave to introduce a Bill for the improvement of Law Reports. He would explain to the Council, in a very few words, the reason for the introduction of that Bill. The Council would remember that an Act was lately passed with the object of improving Law Reports. One of the sections of that Act was framed for the purpose of giving to decisions of High Courts an extent of authority which they did not possess at the present moment. Well, the Secretary of State, with whom rested the duty of advising the Crown to disallow whatever laws he thought inexpedient, considered that that provision might lead to some embarrassment, and accordingly while he assented to, and approved of, the rest of the measure, he had intimated that he could not allow that particular portion of it to become law. He, however, suggested that, instead of disallowing the whole Act, we should ourselves repeal it, and re-enact such portion of it as was unobjectionable. The Bill he (MR. HOBHOUSE) proposed to introduce was simply for that purpose, and he presumed that the Council would have no objection to re-enact portion of that which they had already enacted.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS BILL.

The Hon'ble SIR A. ARBUTHNOT moved for leave to introduce a Bill to provide Reformatory and Industrial Schools. He said that the subject of the establishment of reformatories had, as the Council were aware, engaged the attention of the Government of India and of the various Local Governments for several years. So far back as 1861, the framers of the Code of Criminal Procedure included in that enactment a section which provided that, in the case of juvenile offenders, it should be competent to the Criminal Courts, on the occasion of sentencing any person under the age of 16 years to imprisonment for any offence, instead of directing that he should be confined in a criminal jail, to direct his confinement in a reformatory.

This law was still in force. Its defect had been found to be that while it had some advantage over the previous law in that it admitted of the separation of juvenile offenders, where a reformatory was available, during the period of their sentences, from adult criminals, still, as a general rule, the periods of

those sentences were so brief that very little could be done to carry out the objects with which reformatories were established.

This blot in the legislation of 1861 very speedily attracted the attention of one of the Local Governments, and it was to the credit of the Government of Bombay that, in the year in which the Code of Criminal Procedure became law, they framed a Bill for supplementing the provisions of the Code in that respect, and for providing for the detention of juvenile offenders for periods which might be sufficient to admit of a reformatory system being duly carried out. That Bill, however, was disallowed by the Governor General, and a Bill subsequently framed also by the Bombay Government in the following year shared a similar fate. The main reason given for the disallowance of the former Bill was that it imposed certain penalties which were inconsistent with those imposed by the Penal Code, and that that was a power which it was not desirable to entrust to a local Legislature. The disallowance of the Bill submitted in 1863 proceeded upon very similar grounds. In 1867, the question again came before the Government of India. Representations were made from various quarters as to the want of an effective system of reformatories. The question was very fully considered by the Government, but at that time they did not see their way to any legislation of the description which it was now proposed to resort to. The views of the Government of that day were essentially different from those now entertained on this subject. Objections were felt to the establishment of reformatories in India which at that time were considered to be insuperable. A circular, however, was issued to the various Governments drawing their attention to the necessity of providing more effective means than then existed in the various central jails and other prisons, for separating juvenile from adult offenders. This reference elicited a representation from the Government of Madras, in which Lord Napier and Ettrick entered very fully into the question, and urged very strongly that the Local Government should be permitted to establish a reformatory at Madras. Lord Napier's proposition did not go so far as the proposals made by the Bombay Government in 1862 and 1863; it did not provide for any change in the law; it merely went to the extent of requesting that the Local Government might be permitted to establish a reformatory in which practical effect should be given to the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure. For reasons very similar to those which had led the Government of India in their circular on the subject of providing for the separation of juvenile offenders in jails to object to any attempt at the establishment of distinct reformatories, the Government of India rejected Lord Napier's proposition.

Perhaps he might mention here one or two of the objections which were raised at that time, and, with the permission of the Council, he would read the answers on these points which were given by Lord Napier. One of the objections was that the effect of the establishment of a reformatory would be, to an undesirable extent, to remove juvenile delinquents from the influence of their parents. Another objection was that a reformatory, in the sense in which the term was used in Europe, and in the sense in which those institutions were managed and carried on in England and other civilized countries, could not be effectively managed in India in consequence of the difficulty, in fact impossibility, of imparting sound, moral and religious teaching in an institution of that description in this country. Now, on the first point, in fact on both points, the remarks made by Lord Napier in the minute submitted to the Government of India appeared to him to be deserving of every consideration. Lord Napier said, with reference to the first point—

"I cannot help remarking respectfully that this feature in the reformatory system, which the Government of India deprecate, is exactly the feature which European philanthropists desire. It is considered in Europe that one of the greatest benefits which can be extended to the juvenile criminal in most instances is to be separated from early associations and from parents who are often his instructors in crime, and who live by the fruits of his iniquitous industry. Crime is hereditary, it goes down from generation to generation, and the reformatory is the beneficent power that breaks the chain of transmitted guilt which weighs upon a family once embarked upon this fatal course. I cannot state from personal knowledge to what extent criminality is propagated by parental teaching in this Presidency. The ancient murdering and thieving castes are no doubt much broken; still, in the country of Thugs, Maravers, Dundassies, Pullers and Kullers, a hereditary character must be more deeply stamped on crime than in England. The opinion of Captain Drever quoted above is

conclusive for Presidency Towns. I cannot but think that maturer reflection, and a particular consideration of the physiognomy and history of crime in India, may induce the Government of India to modify their fourth objection to the institution of reformatories."

On the other point, the difficulty of imparting moral and religious teaching, Lord Napier wrote :—

"The absence of moral and religious teaching in a juvenile reformatory would be undoubtedly a serious want. Religious teaching in connection with the superstitions of India is, of course, out of the question; and it must be conceded that moral teaching loses much of its force when not associated with the influences of Christianity. Nevertheless, I am not prepared to admit that all direct moral teaching must be banished from an Indian reformatory. Some of the principles of morals are common to all civilized nations, and may be impressed on the mind as maxims of prudence and honour. Indian children may be convinced that it is their interest not to steal, though their Gods have not said 'thou shalt not steal;' or they may be taught to aspire to what is high and good. The Muhammadan religion comprises all the elements of morality except one. It would not be difficult to compile books of morals, acceptable to both Hindús and Mussulmans, impregnated with much of the spirit of the Gospel, without its dogmas. But, granting that I am mistaken, and that direct moral teaching is impracticable in an Indian reformatory, there still remains the invaluable force of indirect, insensible, practical discipline—perhaps more powerful than preaching and teaching on the human heart—the habits and lessons of obedience, cleanliness, punctuality, industry and economy which may all conduct the criminal child in India, as well as in England, to a better stage in life."

This representation was, however, ineffectual, and up to this period nothing had been effected in this direction at Madras. At Bombay, however, the Local Government had not relaxed in their efforts, notwithstanding the rejection of the Bills which they submitted in 1862 and 1863.

There were, in the Presidency of Bombay, two institutions which were carried out with objects analogous to those sought to be obtained by the Bill which he now moved for leave to introduce.

One was the David Sassoon Institution. From a recent report, which he had seen within the last few days, he found that during the past year that institution contained no less than 130 inmates and appeared to have been worked efficiently and well. There was also in Bombay another institution, not actually a reformatory, but a juvenile prison, under the direction of the Government, which was maintained at Poona, and which contained some 50 inmates, in which, although the designation of reformatory had not been attached to it and although it laboured under the defect common to every institution of the kind which could be established in India under the existing law, appeared to be effecting some amount of good. He had read a report on this institution by the Inspector General of Jails in Bombay in which he drew attention to the defect to which he (SIR A. ARBUTHNOT) had alluded. The Inspector General said—

"If possible, the sentences of juveniles should be proportioned to their age, e. g., a boy of ten, if sent to the reformatory, should be sentenced to such a term as would enable him to learn his trade, and be strong and independent enough to earn his livelihood on discharge, while a boy of fifteen need only be sentenced to a year or more, as it is not advisable to keep grown-up boys almost men, in the reformatory."

That remark had reference to the defect to which he had alluded, and which defect it was proposed to remedy in the Bill which he desired to bring before the Council.

More recently, the subject had attracted the attention of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and from the papers which had come before SIR A. ARBUTHNOT, he observed that it had also engaged for some time past the attention of His Excellency the President. Sir Richard Temple had proposed to legislate locally, but on examination of the law, it was found that the Bill which he proposed, and indeed any Bill which could effect the object that he had in view, would interfere with certain provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and that was a Code which, having been passed since the enactment of the Indian Councils' Act, the local Legislatures could not alter or amend. Further, it might be said that the question was essentially an imperial one. It was as imperial as any other question connected with prison discipline, or indeed with any of our penal laws. Therefore it had been determined, with the consent of the Secretary of State, to resort to imperial legislation for the purpose of

removing the defect in the existing law to which he had referred. If permission to introduce the Bill were now given, it would be his duty, when introducing it, to draw attention to its leading provisions.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

NATIVE PASSENGER SHIPS BILL.

The Hon'ble MR. HOBHOUSE moved that the Hon'ble Sir Andrew Clarke and the Hon'ble Sir D. Forsyth be added to the Select Committee on the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Native Passenger Ships and Coasting Steam ers.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council then adjourned to Thursday, the 5th August 1875.

SIMLA,
The 29th July 1875.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

REPORTS ON THE STATE OF THE SEASON AND PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THE 5TH AUGUST 1875.

GENERAL REMARKS.—The chief feature of the week has been abundant falls of rain, causing floods throughout the greater part of Northern India as far west as Meerut, and as far south as Satna in Baghelkhand. In Madras the rain has been abundant in the Kristna District, moderate in Kurnool, and scanty in the south; in Sind the river continues high, and rain has fallen in Kurrachee; in Bombay the falls have been copious along the Konkan and in Satara and Nassik, but elsewhere somewhat scanty. Throughout Central India, Rajputana and the Central Provinces the rain has been ample; in Bengal abundant rain has fallen, especially in the eastern and north central districts; some flooding has occurred in Orissa. The prospects of the crops are generally excellent. In Assam the fall has been copious; in the North-Western Provinces extraordinarily heavy falls have been registered at Benares and Allahabad, and also, though less heavy, at Mirzapur, throughout Bundelkhand and at Cawnpore and Bareilly; extensive flooding has occurred in the Ganges valley. In Oudh the fall has been ample and general. In the Punjab there has been heavy rain in Rawal Pindi, Umballa and Jullundur, and good falls in the Delhi and Hissar Divisions, less elsewhere. The prospects of the crops are generally excellent.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—		
Kistna (August 5th)	...	Rain 2·25 in Masulipatam, about 2 inches in Guntur and Berwara, slight elsewhere, none in Palnad; 16 feet 5 inches above anicut, embankment burst in places, considerable extent of country inundated by river, no loss of life reported, houses in exposed hamlets much damaged, canals full, flood rapidly subsiding; early crops being sown, markets well supplied locally, prices steady; mild small-pox and dysentery in four taluks; cattle generally healthy; pasture improving.
Kurnool (4th)	·025 in one day.	Rain moderate in the taluks; early dry crops sown good, markets well supplied, prices generally steady; fever prevalent; cattle disease in Cumbrun, Markapur and Pattikonda; water and pasture abundant; two feet water over Sumkesala anicut yesterday.
Tanjore (5th)	...	Rain at Negapatam ·83, elsewhere partial and insufficient; water supply in rivers moderate, in tanks scanty; water over upper anicut north branch none, south 4 inches; over lower anicut north branch 1 foot 4 inches, south 1 foot 6½ inches; wet cultivation general over delta, also a few dry grains, standing crops very few, not thriving; harvest none; markets well supplied, prices tending upwards; cholera abating, 1,044 deaths this week, against 1,406 last week; cattle generally healthy; pasture insufficient.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Madras—*continued.*		
Trichinopoly (August 4th)	...	Cholera in town very slight, better in district, except in Udaiarpoliem where it was rather bad up to close of month; good rain on 1st and slight shower last night.
Malabar (5th)	2·95	Prospects favourable; grain supply sufficient, prices high; three deaths by cholera in Calicut taluk, fever prevalent in Ernad and Walluvanad, small-pox slight; cattle healthy; pasture flourishing. *General Remarks.*—General prospects satisfactory.
Bombay— (August 5th)		
Sindh		
Kurrachee (August 4th)	...	River continues high; terrific storm at Dadu on 18th with heavy rain, much damage; fever and catarrh prevalent; agricultural prospects fair.
Shikarpur "	...	Want of water in Mirpur taluk; river 14 feet 11 inches, 8 inches higher than last year.
Hyderabad "	...	Canals well supplied; weather very cool with high winds; fever and colds rather prevalent.
Upper Sind Frontier "	...	Kharif operations continue; water supply abundant.
Gujarat.		
Ahmedabad (August 4th)	·12	Total rainfall 9·74; crops well.
Kaira "	·92	Total rainfall 17·94; agricultural prospects good, transplantation of rice progressing; cholera cases 23, deaths 15.
Surat "	1·58	Total rainfall 29·29.
Broach "	·72	Total rainfall 36·45; cholera slight; low wind; crops slightly injured by rain, others thriving.
Khandesh and Nasik.		
Khandesh (August 4th)	...	Kharif crops healthy except in 3 taluks, cotton plants satisfactory; cholera abaiting, cases 804, deaths 347.
Nasik "	1·12	Total rainfall 23·12; prospects favourable; cholera continues slightly.
Konkan.		
Tanna (August 4th)	4·86	Total rainfall 74·75; transplantation of crops continues; cholera slightly prevalent in 7 taluks, 1 fatal case at Tanna.
Deccan.		
Poona (August 4th)	·63	Total rainfall 24·82; sowing progressing; cholera continues.
Ahmednuggur "	·2	Total rainfall 3·73; sowing generally progressing; cholera continues except in Kopergaon, increasing again in 3 taluks.
Sholapur "	·30	Total rainfall 8·65; cholera continues.
Satara "	3·19	Total rainfall 26·79; state of crops same as before; bajoi sowing progressing; cholera generally prevalent except in Patan.
Southern Mahratta Country.		
Belgaum (August 4th)	1·77	Total rainfall 42·0; cholera in 2 taluks.
Dharwar "	·38	Total rainfall 19·90; kharif crops good; black soil taluks required rain.
Kanara "	2·50	Total rainfall 72·50; crops good.
Kaladgi "	·89	Total rainfall 9·22; kharif already sown, generally doing well.
Kathiawar and Gaekwar's Territory.		
Rajkot (August 4th)	·24	Total rainfall 5·94.
Wudwan "	·1	Total rainfall 8·17; crops good.
Baroda "	·99	Kharif and cotton crops healthy; public health good. *General Remarks.*—Cholera generally decreasing; more rain required in some districts; height of river in Sind satisfactory.
Bengal—		
Chittagong (August 5th)	36·68	Cattle disease is still prevalent in Cox's Bazar.
Noakhally "	9·62	
Tipperah "	20·06	
Chittagong Hill Tracts "	·74	
Hill Tipperah "	·77	
Backergunge "	4·34	Health of the people is very good; a little cattle disease in the police stations of Bonefall, Gulshekhal and Baranaddo.
Fureedpore "	4·76	
Dacca "	13·0	
Mymensingh "	3·45	
24-Pergunnahs "	3·07	Fever decreasing at Barripore, a case of small-pox reported from Satkhira.
Nuddea "	1·68	Health of the people is generally good.
Moorshedabad "	1·99	A few cases of cholera and small-pox in Thanas Shohanagore, Manullabazar and Bhadoorihat, cholera still lingers at Soojaganj.
Jessore "	1·22	
Pubna "	1·41	
Rajshahye "	2·0	
Bogra "	6·0	
Maldah "	3·34	
Dinagepore "	5·11	
Rungpore "	11·35	
Cooch Behar "	3·90	
Jalpaiguri "	...	One case of cholera in the Police lines at Jalpaiguri, but the disease is disappearing.
Darjeeling "	7·28	
Midnapore "	4·13	

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Bengal—*continued.*		
Howrah (August 5th)	·97	
Hooghly "	4·73	A few cases of small-pox and cholera, but general health is fair.
Burdwan "	4·91	Health fair.
Bankoora "	3·90	
Beerbhoom "	3·35	
Sonthal Pergunnahs "	2·7	A good deal of cholera in Deoghur.
Bhágalpur "	9·03	General health very good.
Purneah "	10·7	
Sarun "	1·87	General health good.
Patna "	2·48	Health generally good, except few cases of cholera scattered over the district.
Gya "	2·04	No sickness reported except from Aurungabad, but cholera there is said to be decreasing.
Shahabad "	8.96	Cholera almost entirely stopped.
Hazáribágh "	1·88	
Lohardugga "	2·30	Cholera is still prevalent but not increasing, cases of small-pox continue to be reported.
Maunbhoom "	2·51	
Singbhoom "	6·05	District generally healthy, only one fresh case of cholera in Dhulbhoom.
Balasore "	1·41	Cholera continues unabated not in an epidemic but in a sporadic form, this district has certainly been infected with cholera during the present year to a very unusual extent.
Cuttack "	5·89	Cholera still prevalent in some places.
Pooree "	3·45	
		General Remarks.—There has been a more copious and seasonable fall of rain in almost all districts during the week under report than in the preceding week, and it has been very beneficial to the standing rice crops. It has come just in time to save the withering crops and seedlings; but more rain is still needed in many places, especially in the districts of Rajshahye, Darbangah, Mozufferpore, and Sarun, where the fall has been scanty. The fall in the districts of Cuttack and Pooree has been heavy and overflooded portions of those districts, but no damage to crops has yet been reported. Of the aus rice crops, those sown early have suffered very little, or not at all, and are being housed; but those sown late, which had partially withered or become stunted from want of sufficient rain, will, it is anticipated, now improve. The amun or late rice crops have generally benefited by this rain, those sown broadcast and transplanted early are improving, and the seedlings are being vigorously transplanted. The anxiety which was felt during the previous week for the crops in the districts of the Rajshahye, Cooch Behar, Patna and Bhágalpur divisions is removed for the present; but periodical falls of seasonable rain are still looked for to complete the transplanting operations. The state and prospects of the crops in the eastern and other districts favourably noticed in the previous report continue good.
N. W. P.—		
Benares (August 4th)	...	Heavy and continuous rain; some damage to crops and much to houses in city by great and rapid rise of river.
Mirzapur "	From 7 to 11·50 inches.	Very high floods in the Ganges valley, destroying the kharif in parts; prospects otherwise good.
Azamgarh "	1·2 at Head-quarters.	Prospects good.
Allahabad "	...	Average fall of week recorded as 13·, must be far more; country swamped. Crop in Kachar much damaged, state not yet fully known as communication is difficult and in places all but impossible.
Cawnpore "	...	Average general rainfall 5·; prospects good.
Banda "	...	Three days' heavy rain; Kew and Bhagu have flooded Banda and Badaus destroying mud houses, lowlands submerged but will be resown.
Hamirpur (5th)	11·	A break in the weather required.
Jhansi (4th)	11· up to date.	Prospects good.
Agra "	...	Beneficial rainfall from 2·1 to 6·4.
Meerut "	...	General rainfall from 4·2 to 9·3; prospects good.
Moradabad "	...	Rain continues favourable.
Bareilly "	...	More than 10 inches of rain in the week.
Almora (5th)	...	Daily rain with very little sunshine; prospects good.
Punjab—		
Delhi (Aug. 4th)	1·1	A few cases of cholera in Delhi city and suburbs; sowings in progress.
Hissar "	1·6	Rain becoming general throughout the division; agricultural prospects much improved; ploughing and sowing in progress; cholera abating; healt' generally good; cattle disease in a few villages of Sirsa.
Umballa "	4·2	Kharif sown; cholera still prevalent in villages.
Jullundur "	3·6	Sowing nearly over; health and prospects good.
Lahore "	·7	Health and agricultural prospects good.
Rawal Pindi "	9·	Prospects excellent; health good.
Mooltan "	·1	Crops and health good.
Dera Ismail Khan "	...	A slight fall of rain; sowing progressing; health good.
Peshawur "	·3	Sowing in progress; cattle disease has disappeared; slight fever and small-pox still prevalent.
		General Remarks.—Owing to the rainfall during the week agricultural prospects throughout the province are decidedly good; general health is good, although cholera still prevails in certain localities.

Presidency or Province and District.	Rainfall for week preceding.	State of agricultural prospects.
Oudh—		
Lucknow (Aug. 4th)	6·8	Prices stationary; public health good; rain heavy and general; kharif prospects very favourable.
Sitapur "	6·5	
Fyzabad "	5·6	
Central Provinces—		
Upper Godavari (July 31st)	3·20	Rain favourable; prices easy.
Sambalpur "	3·17	Transplanting rice continues, prospects satisfactory; cholera continues.
Bilaspur "	2·40	Prospects favourable; cholera and small-pox continue; prices easy.
Raipur (August 1st)	2·	Floods abated; cholera decreasing; prices easy.
Chanda "	2·86	Transplanting rice; jowar sowing delayed in consequence of heavy rain.
Chhindwara "	2·53	Crops look well; health good; prices steady.
Balaghât (2nd)	3·20	Transplanting rice continues; fever prevalent; prices steady.
Bhandara (3rd)	1·95	Rain favourable for rice crop; jowar suffered by excessive moisture; cholera disappeared; fever and small-pox prevalent; prices easy.
Nagpur (4th)	·34	Crops doing well; cholera increasing; prices rising.
Wardha "	·50	Jowar sowing continues; cotton plants thriving; cholera decreasing.
Nimar "	1·13	136 cases of cholera, 67 fatal; prices rising.
Hoshangabad "	4·15	15 cases of cholera, 9 fatal.
Betul "	2·53	Weeding suspended in consequence of continuous rain, a break desirable; 4 cases of cholera.
Narsinghpur "	3·	Considerable damage done to jowar and cotton by continued heavy rain; 7 cases of cholera, 4 fatal.
Jubbulpore "	4·20	Health good.
Saugor "	7·40	Crops suffering from want of weeding; health good; prices stationary.
Seoni "	1·85	Kharif sowings completed; transplanting rice commenced; health good.
		General Remarks.—Prospects generally good, but rain has been excessive in Nagpur country, Betul and Narsingpur. A break was wanted, and appears now to have set in; cholera in Nimar continues, in other districts a few cases.
Mysore and Coorg—		
Mysore (August 5th)	·19 in Bangalore Cantonment	10 fatal cases of cholera since last report, it is also advancing from north.
Coorg "	2·26	Health good.
		General Remarks.—Agricultural prospects fair; more rain wanted.
Assam—		
Gauhati (August 5th)	6·41	More or less rain falls in mornings; days cool but cloudy; weather favourable to crops and tea; cattle disease on decrease; public health generally good.
Sylhet "	11·75	Prices rising.
Hyderabad Assigned Districts—		
Umraoti (August 5th)	·15	Cholera slightly decreasing; agricultural prospects good.
Rajpootana—		
Sirohi (August 2nd)	·90	Tanks and wells filled; health good; prospects fair; seasonable weather.
Aboo (5th)	1·88	Total rainfall up to date 59·54.
Meywar (July 30th)	·10	Good supply of water; health and prospects good; cloudy sky; heavy rains in the districts.
Bickanere (17th)	·70	Plenty of rain in the district; health fair.
Harowtee States.		
Deolee (July 31st)	2·06	
Tonk "	4·7	Cholera severe.
Kota "	·6	
Jhallawar "	2·5	
Shahapoora "	2·7	
Ulwar (August 4th)	1·40	Temperature 86°; cholera has not disappeared quite; weather most favourable for sowing.
Jeypore (5th)	...	Favourable rainfall during the week; public health good; agricultural operations hopeful.
Ajmere "	1·7	Season favourable, but light rain in many places.
Bhurtpore "	...	No change; weather rainy; prices stationary.
Central India—		
Indore (August 4th)	·85	Season generally favourable to agriculture; cholera still hangs about Malwa.
Gwalior "	No report.	
Neemuch "	·24	
Rutlam "	1·49	
Baghelkhund "	23·20	
Sutna "		
Nepal— (July 28th)	4·8	Agricultural prospects fair; no further cases of cholera reported.

A. O. HUME,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Revision of the Indian Customs Tariff.

No. 6703, dated 25th November 1874.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Financial Dept.

READ the undermentioned papers :—

Letter from the Secretary to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, dated 20th August 1873, proposing a revision of the values on which duties are assessed under the Tariff Act XIII of 1871 and of the rates of duty.

Letter to the Governments of Bengal, Bombay, and Madras and the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, No. 3073, dated 18th September 1874, forwarding the above for report.

Letter from the Government of Bombay No. 6443-319 R, dated the 26th November 1873.

Letter from the Government of Bengal No. 2372, dated 9th September 1873, proposing a revision of the customs tariff with the view of placing certain articles named on the free list.

Despatch (Separate Revenue) from the Secretary of State for India No. 2, dated 26th March 1874, forwarding for consideration a memorial from the Manchester Chamber of Commerce on the subject of the duties now levied on yarns and manufactured goods imported into India.

Despatch (Separate Revenue) to the Secretary of State for India, No. 10, dated 15th May 1874, stating that the subject has been under the consideration of the Government of India and that possibly a Committee for the revision of the tariff would be convened in the ensuing cold season.

Letter from the Secretary to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, dated 23rd September 1874 (received 8th October), inviting attention to his previous letter of 20th August 1873 regarding a proposal for the revision of the tariff of fixed valuations, and stating that the Chamber is prepared to recommend various amendments in the tariff.

Despatch (Separate Revenue) from the Secretary of State for India No. 5, dated 8th October 1874, forwarding a further letter from the Manchester Chamber of Commerce pressing for a revision of the tariff.

RESOLUTION.—It has been represented to the Government of India that the values on which customs duties are assessed, as contained in Schedules

A and B of the Indian Tariff Act, 1871, are in some instances in excess of the market values of the articles valued.

2. His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is of opinion that the time has arrived for the revision of the tariff valuations, and has resolved for this purpose to appoint a Committee to enquire into and report on the subject.

3. The Committee will be composed of the following Members :—

President :

Mr. A. Money, C. B., Member of the Board of Revenue, L. P.

Members :

The Hon'ble J. R. Ballen Smith.

Mr. T. B. Lane, Officiating Collector of Customs, Calcutta,

and other Members* who will be subsequently appointed after communication with the Governments of Bombay and Madras.

4. The Committee will meet in Calcutta in the first week of January next.

5. The Government of India would further be glad to consider the opinion of the Committee as to the propriety of removing from the tariff any articles the retention of which may be thought unimportant in the interest of the public revenue and the removal of which from the list of dutiable articles would give freedom to trade, or any other cases in which from competition or otherwise the Committee may be of opinion that any of the existing export duties are seriously prejudicial to the trade in the articles subject to them.

6. Representations have also been made to the Government of India as to the injurious effect of the duties levied on the import of cotton goods and twist manufactured in England. The Government of India would be glad to receive a report of the opinion of the Committee on this point after inquiry into the facts.

7. In considering this question the Committee will observe that the Government of India does not impose or maintain customs duties for the purpose of affording protection to any branch or class of industry, but for revenue purposes only.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution be sent to each of the Members of the Committee named therein, to the Government of Bengal, and to the Governments of Bombay and Madras for information and for communication to the officer that may be selected from each of those Presidencies to be a Member of the Committee.

No. 19 T, dated 4th January 1875.

From—J. D. MACLEAN, ESQ., Secretary to the Tariff Committee,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department.

I am directed by the President of the Committee appointed for the revision of the tariff valuations to point out that in Resolution No. 6703, dated 25th November 1874, the Committee thereby appointed have three duties assigned to them :—

1.—Revision of tariff valuations;

2.—Removal from the dutiable to the free lists, any articles;

3.—Effect of import duties on cotton goods and twist;

and to represent that questions will naturally force themselves upon the Committee connected with the levy of duties on many articles besides cotton goods and twist, and to ask whether the Committee are to consider it a part of their duty to recommend the reduction of duty, the increase of duty, and the removal from the free to the dutiable list of other articles, in cases where such a course may appear expedient.

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* *N. B.*—The following Members were accordingly subsequently appointed :—

Mr. T. C. Hope, Bombay Civil Service.

Hon'ble R. A. Dalyell, Madras Civil Service.

Mr. J. C. Murray, President, Bengal Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. J. D. Maclean, Bengal Civil Service, Secretary to the Committee.